SAFETY DATA SHEET

POOL SEASON® ALKALINITY UP

SDS No.: R31510P **SDS Revision Date**: 06-May-2015

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufactured For and Alliance Trading, Inc.

Registered By: 109 Northpark Boulevard, 4Th Floor

Covington, LA 70433

Supplier Identification: Occidental Chemical Corporation

5005 LBJ Freeway P.O. Box 809050 Dallas, TX 75380-9050

1-800-752-5151

24 Hour Emergency Telephone

Number:

1-800-733-3665 or 1-972-404-3228 (USA); CHEMTREC (within USA and

Canada): 1-800-424-9300; CHEMTREC (outside USA and Canada): +1 703-527-

3887; CHEMTREC Contract No: CCN16186

Emergency Medical: 1-800-255-3924

OxyChem® Customer Service: 1-800-752-5151 or 1-972-404-3700

Product Identifier: POOL SEASON® ALKALINITY UP

Synonyms: Sodium bicarbonate; Baking soda; Bicarbonate of soda; Sodium acid carbonate;

Monosodium carbonate; Carbonic acid monosodium salt; Sodium hydrogen

carbonate

Product Use: Adjustment of water alkalinity in pools.

Uses Advised Against: None identified.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA REGULATORY STATUS: This material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

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| ********** | ************ | ***************** |
| | EMERGENCY O | VERVIEW: |
| Color: Appearance: Odor: | White Granules, Powder Odorless | |
| Signal Word: | NONE Non-hazardous | |
| MAJOR HEALTH HAZARDS RESPIRATORY TRACT CON | | ON WITH SKIN CONTACT, EYE CONTACT, |
| PRECAUTIONARY STATEM breathing dust. Wash thoroug | , , , , | e measures. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid |
| OSHA's 2012 Hazard Communications include but are not li | unication Standard, good hygiene imited to: wearing suitable gloves | aterial is not classified as hazardous according to US and safety practices should be followed. Good hygienes and/or eye protection; washing hands and affected of the workday; regularly cleaning work area and |
| ********** | ************ | ****************** |
| GHS CLASSIFICATION: | | |
| Note: There is not a GHS cla | assification associated with this n | on-hazardous material. |
| GHS: CARCINOGENICITY: | This product is not classifie | ed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. |
| Unknown Acute Dermal 100% of this product cons | Toxicity: ists of ingredient(s) of unknown a | acute dermal toxicity. |
| GHS SYMBOL: None | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| GHS SIGNAL WORD: NON | E, NOT OSHA HAZARDOUS | CHEMICAL |
| GHS HAZARD STATEMENT | S : | |
| | | |

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GHS - Physical Hazard Statement(s)

Not classified as a hazardous substance or mixture

GHS - Health Hazard Statement(s)

Not classified as a hazardous substance or mixture

GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Prevention

Not classified as a hazardous substance or mixture

There are no Precautionary Statement(s)-Prevention phrases assigned

GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Response

Not classified as a hazardous substance or mixture

There are no Precautionary Statement(s)-Response phrases assigned

GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Storage

Not classified as a hazardous substance or mixture

There are no Precautionary Statement(s) - Storage phrases assigned

GHS - Precautionary Statement(s) - Disposal

There are no Precautionary Statement(s) - Disposal phrases assigned.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

None identified

See Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Synonyms: Baking soda, Bicarbonate of Soda, Sodium Acid Carbonate, Monosodium Carbonate, Carbonic Acid Monosodium Salt, Sodium hydrogen carbonate

| Component | Percent [%] | CAS Number |
|--------------------|-------------|------------|
| Sodium Bicarbonate | 100 | 144-55-8 |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION: No effects expected. If inhalation of this material occurs and you feel unwell, move to fresh air.

SKIN CONTACT: Brush off excess material. Irrigate with water. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.

EYE CONTACT: If in eyes, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

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INGESTION: No effect expected. Carbon dioxide may be released when neutralized by gastric acid. If large amounts are ingested, get medical advice/attention.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects (Acute and Delayed) :.

Acute Symptoms/Effects: Listed below.

Inhalation (Breathing): Respiratory Irritation: Upper airway irritation, may cause cough, redness of mouth and

upper airways.

Skin: Skin Irritation. Exposure to powder or fine particulates of this material may cause slight skin redness,

irritation.

Eye: Eye Irritation: Eye exposure may cause irritation, and redness to the eye lids, conjunctiva.

Ingestion (Swallowing): No known effects.

Delayed Symptoms/Effects:

- No delayed / chronic effects have been identified

Interaction with Other Chemicals Which Enhance Toxicity: None known.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: May aggravate preexisting conditions such as: eye disorders that decrease tear production or have reduced integrity of the eye; skin disorders that compromise the integrity of the skin; and respiratory conditions including asthma and other breathing disorders.

Protection of First-Aiders: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust. Use personal protective equipment. Refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment recommendations. At minimum, treating personnel should utilize PPE sufficient for prevention of bloodborne pathogen transmission.

Notes to Physician: This material dissociates into sodium and bicarbonate ions upon contact with water. Despite wide use of sodium bicarbonate orally, little toxicity has occurred. Risks of acute and chronic oral bicarbonate ingestion may include metabolic alkalosis and related metabolic alterations.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire Hazard: Negligible fire hazard.

Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing agents appropriate for surrounding fire.

Fire Fighting: Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Avoid inhalation of material or combustion by-products. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Wear NIOSH approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure demand mode.

Hazardous Combustion

Products:

Oxides of carbon, Oxides of sodium, Heating above 100 °C may cause dangerous

levels of carbon dioxide gas to be present in the atmosphere

Sensitivity to Mechanical

Impact:

Not sensitive.

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Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not sensitive.

Lower Flammability Level (air): Not flammable

Upper Flammability Level (air): Not flammable

Flash point: Not flammable

Auto-ignition Temperature: Not applicable

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid generating dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. When handling this material, wear appropriate personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8, Exposure Controls / Personal Protection, of the SDS.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Shovel dry material into suitable container. Flush spill area with water, if appropriate.

Environmental Precautions:

Keep out of water supplies and sewers. Releases should be reported, if required, to appropriate agencies.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Observe good personal hygiene practices and recommended procedures. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing dust. Use methods to minimize dust. Wear personal protective equipment as described in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (Section 8) of the SDS.

Safe Storage Conditions:

Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Keep container tightly closed and properly labeled. Material is very hygroscopic. Store in a cool, dry area. Keep separated from incompatible substances (see below or Section 10 of the Safety Data Sheet).

Incompatibilities/ Materials to Avoid:

Acids

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

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| | |
| | |

Regulatory Exposure Limit(s): Listed below for the product components that have regulatory occupational exposure limits (OEL's) established.

| Component | OSHA Final PEL TWA | OSHA Final PEL STEL | OSHA Final PELCeiling |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Particles Not Otherwise Regulated | 15 mg/m³ (Total) | | |
| (PNOR) | 5 mg/m³ (Respirable) | | |
| 00-00-001 | , | | |

OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit; OSHA: United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit; TWA: Time Weighted Average; STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

NON-REGULATORY EXPOSURE LIMIT(S): Listed below for the product components that have advisory (non-

regulatory) occupational exposure limits (OEL's) established.

| Component | CAS Number | ACGIH TWA | ACGIH STEL | ACGIH Ceiling | OSHA TWA (Vacated) | OSHA STEL (Vacated) | OSHA Ceiling (Vacated) |
|---|---------------|--|------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|
| Particulates Not Otherwise Specified (PNOS) | Not Assigned | 10 mg/m ³ (Inhalable) 3 mg/m ³ (Respirable) | | | | | |

⁻ The Non-Regulatory United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) limits, if shown, are the Vacated 1989 PEL's (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993).

Additional Advice: Even though this material is not classified as hazardous according to US OSHA's 2012 Hazard Communication Standard, good hygiene and safety practices should be followed.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: General or local exhaust ventilation and other forms of engineering controls are the preferred means for controlling exposures. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Eye Protection: Use good hygiene practices when handling this material. Safety glasses with side-shields or goggles are recommended when there is a potential for eye contact.

Skin and Body Protection: Use good hygiene practices when handling this material. As a good hygiene practice, wear protective clothing to minimize skin contact such as standard industrial work clothes, coveralls, safety footwear. Contaminated clothing should be removed and laundered before reuse.

Hand Protection: As a good hygiene practice, wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Consult a glove supplier for assistance in selecting an appropriate chemical resistant glove.

Protective Material Types: Butyl rubber, Natural rubber, Neoprene, Nitrile

⁻ The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) is a voluntary organization of professional industrial hygiene personnel in government or educational institutions in the United States. The ACGIH develops and publishes recommended occupational exposure limits each year called Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) for hundreds of chemicals, physical agents, and biological exposure indices.

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Respiratory Protection: No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. A NIOSH approved respirator with N95 (dust, fume, mist) cartridges may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits, or when symptoms have been observed that are indicative of overexposure. In dusty or misty atmospheres use an approved particulate respirator. The added protection of a full face-piece respirator is required when visible dusty conditions are encountered and eye irritation may occur. A respiratory protection program that meets 29 CFR 1910.134 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant use of a respirator.

HYGIENE MEASURES: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Good hygiene practices include but are not limited to: wearing suitable gloves and/or eye protection; washing hands and affected skin immediately after handling, before breaks, and at the end of the workday; regularly cleaning work area and clothing; etc.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Granules, Powder

Color: White Odorless Molecular Weight: 84.02 Molecular Formula: NaHCO3

Decomposition Temperature:212 - 392 °F (100 - 200 °C)Boiling Point/Range:Not applicable to solidsFreezing Point/Range:Not applicable to solids.

Melting Point/Range:No data availableVapor Pressure:Not applicableVapor Density (air=1):Not applicable

Relative Density/Specific Gravity 2.159

(water=1):

Density: No data available

Bulk Density: 62 lb./ft3

Water Solubility: 8.6 g/100ml @ 20 °C

pH: 8.2

Volatility:

Evaporation Rate (ether=1):

Partition Coefficient (n
No data available

No data available

octanol/water):

Flash point:

Flammability (solid, gas):

Lower Flammability Level (air):

Upper Flammability Level (air):

Auto-ignition Temperature:

Not flammable
Not flammable
Not applicable

Viscosity: Not applicable to solids

Hygroscopic: Yes

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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not reactive under normal temperatures and pressures.

Chemical Stability: Stable at normal temperatures and pressures. Stable in dry air, but slowly decomposes in moist air.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:

Reacts with acids to yield carbon dioxide. May yield free caustic in the presence of lime dust (CaO) and moisture (i.e., water, perspiration). Dangerous reaction with monoammonium phosphate or a sodium-potassium alloy. Heating above 100 C may cause dangerous levels of carbon dioxide to be present in confined spaces. Yields sodium oxide if exposed to temperatures above 850 C.

Conditions to Avoid:

(e.g., static discharge, shock, or vibration) -. None known.

Incompatibilities/ Materials to Avoid:

Acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Sodium oxides, Oxides of carbon (Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide)

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

IRRITATION: This material was minimally irritating to unwashed eyes and practically non-irritating to washed eyes

IRRITATION: This material was minimally irritating to unwashed eyes and practically non-irritating to washed eyes (rabbits)

TOXICITY DATA:

PRODUCT TOXICITY DATA: Sodium Bicarbonate

| LD50 Oral: | LD50 Dermal: | LC50 Inhalation: |
|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| 7300 mg/kg (Rat) | No data available | > 4.74 mg/L (4 hr - Rat) |

COMPONENT TOXICITY DATA:

Note: The component toxicity data is populated by the LOLI database and may differ from the product toxicity data given.

| Component | LD50 Oral: | LD50 Dermal: | LC50 Inhalation: |
|--------------------|------------------|--------------|------------------|
| Sodium Bicarbonate | 4220 mg/kg (Rat) | | |
| 144-55-8 | | | |

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POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

Eye contact: May cause mild eye irritation.

Skin contact: May cause slight skin irritation.

Inhalation: May cause slight upper respiratory irritation.

Ingestion: No known effects.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

Inhalation (Breathing): Respiratory Irritation: Upper airway irritation, may cause cough, redness of mouth and upper airways.

Skin: Skin Irritation. Exposure to powder or fine particulates of this material may cause slight skin redness, irritation.

Eye: Eye Irritation: Eye exposure may cause irritation, and redness to the eye lids, conjunctiva.

Ingestion (Swallowing): No known effects.

TOXICITY:

SODIUM BICARBONATE is an extremely well-known agent that historically has been used for a variety of medical conditions. Despite the widespread use of oral sodium bicarbonate, little documented toxicity has occurred, and the emergency medicine literature contains no reports of toxicity caused by the ingestion of baking soda. Risks of acute and chronic oral bicarbonate ingestion include metabolic alkalosis, hypernatremia, hypertension, gastric rupture, hyporeninemia, hypokalemia, hypochloremia, intravascular volume depletion, and urinary alkalinzation. Abrupt cessation of chronic excessive bicarbonate ingestion may result in hyperkalemia, hypoaldosteronism, volume contraction, and disruption of calcium and phosphorous metabolism.

Interaction with Other Chemicals Which Enhance Toxicity: None known.

GHS HEALTH HAZARDS:

This material is not classified as hazardous according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). There is not a GHS classification associated with this non-hazardous material.

GHS: CARCINOGENICITY:

This product is not classified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY DATA:

Aquatic Toxicity:

This material is believed to be practically non-toxic to aquatic life

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Fish Toxicity:

LC50 Bluegill sunfish: 7100 mg/L LC50 Rainbow trout: 7700 mg/L

Invertebrate Toxicity: EC50 Daphnids: 4100 mg/L

FATE AND TRANSPORT:

BIODEGRADATION: This material is inorganic and not subject to biodegradation

PERSISTENCE: This material is expected to persist in the environment

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: This material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from material:

Reuse or recycle if possible. May be subject to disposal regulations. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Container Management:

Dispose of container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and/or international regulations. Container rinsate must be disposed of in compliance with applicable regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND TRANSPORT

U.S. DOT 49 CFR 172.101:

Status: Not regulated.

CANADIAN TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS:

Status: Not regulated.

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MARITIME TRANSPORT (IMO / IMDG) :

Status - IMO / IMDG: Not Regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. REGULATIONS

OSHA REGULATORY STATUS:

This material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

CERCLA SECTIONS 102a/103 HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (40 CFR 302.4):

Not regulated.

SARA EHS Chemical (40 CFR 355.30)

Not regulated

EPCRA SECTIONS 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES (40 CFR 370.10):

None

EPCRA SECTION 313 (40 CFR 372.65):

Not regulated.

OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (PSM) (29 CFR 1910.119):

Not regulated

NATIONAL INVENTORY STATUS

U.S. INVENTORY STATUS: Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA): All components are listed or exempt.

TSCA 12(b): This product is not subject to export notification.

Canadian Chemical Inventory: All components of this product are listed on either the DSL or the NDSL.

STATE REGULATIONS

There are no applicable state regulations for this product or its components.

CANADIAN REGULATIONS

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• This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations

WHMIS - Classifications of Substances:

Not a controlled product under Canada's Workplace Hazardous Information System

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by: OxyChem Corporate HESS - Product Stewardship

Rev. Date: Not Revised

HMIS: (SCALE 0-4) (Rated using National Paint & Coatings Association HMIS: Rating Instructions, 2nd Edition)

Health Rating: 0 Flammability Rating: 0 Reactivity Rating: 0

NFPA 704 - Hazard Identification Ratings (SCALE 0-4)

Health Rating: 0 Flammability: 0 Reactivity Rating: 0

Reason for Revision:

- · Three year review
- New Product
- Changed the SDS format to meet the GHS requirements of the revised 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

IMPORTANT:

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OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 requires that information be provided to employees regarding the hazards of chemicals by means of a hazard communication program including labeling, safety data sheets, training and access to written records. We request that you, and it is your legal duty to, make all information in this Safety Data Sheet available to your employees

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| End of Safety Data Sheet | | | | |
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