

JEE Main 2026 January Question Paper

URSAM

(23 January 2026 Shift -2)

Q1. The system of linear equations

$$x + y + z = 6$$

$$2x + 5y + az = 36$$

$$x + 2y + 3z = b$$

has

- (1) infinitely many solutions for $a = 8$ and $b = 14$ (2) infinitely many solutions for $a = 8$ and $b = 16$
(3) unique solution for $a = 8$ and $b = 16$ (4) unique solution for $a = 8$ and $b = 14$

Q2. If the mean and the variance of the data

Class	4–8	8–12	12–16	16–20
Frequency	3	λ	4	7

are μ and 19 respectively, then the value of $\lambda + \mu$ is

- (1) 21 (2) 18 (3) 19 (4) 20

Q3. Let $I(x) = \int \frac{3 dx}{(4x+6)(\sqrt{4x^2+8x+3})}$ and $I(0) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} + 20$. If

$$I\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{a\sqrt{2}}{b} + c, \text{ where } a, b, c \in \mathbb{N}, \gcd(a, b) = 1,$$

then $a + b + c$ is equal to

- (1) 29 (2) 28 (3) 30 (4) 31

Q4. An equilateral triangle OAB is inscribed in the parabola $y^2 = 4x$ with the vertex O at the vertex of the parabola. Then the minimum distance of the circle having AB as a diameter from the origin is

- (1) $4(6 + \sqrt{3})$ (2) $4(3 - \sqrt{3})$
(3) $2(8 - 3\sqrt{3})$ (4) $2(3 + \sqrt{3})$

Q5. The sum of all the real solutions of the equation

$$\log_{(x+3)}(6x^2 + 28x + 30) = 5 - 2\log_{(6x+10)}(x^2 + 6x + 9)$$

is equal to

- (1) 1 (2) 0 (3) 2 (4) 4

Q6. The least value of $(\cos^2 \theta - 6 \sin \theta \cos \theta + 3 \sin^2 \theta + 2)$ is

- (1) -1 (2) $4 + \sqrt{10}$ (3) $4 - \sqrt{10}$ (4) 1

Q7. Let $A = \{0, 1, 2, \dots, 9\}$. Let R be a relation on A defined by $(x, y) \in R$ if and only if $|x - y|$ is a multiple of 3. Given below are two statements:

Statement I: $n(R) = 36$.

Statement II: R is an equivalence relation.

In the light of the above statements, choose the *correct* answer:

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
(3) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct (4) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect

Q8. The area of the region enclosed between the circles $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and $x^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 4$ is:

- (1) $\frac{4}{3}(2\pi - 3\sqrt{3})$ (2) $\frac{2}{3}(4\pi - 3\sqrt{3})$
(3) $\frac{4}{3}(2\pi - \sqrt{3})$ (4) $\frac{2}{3}(2\pi - 3\sqrt{3})$

Q9. Bag A contains 9 white and 8 black balls, while bag B contains 6 white and 4 black balls. One ball is randomly picked up from bag B and mixed up with the balls in bag A. Then a ball is randomly drawn from bag A. If the probability that the ball drawn is white, is $\frac{p}{q}$, $\gcd(p, q) = 1$, then $p + q$ is equal to

- (1) 23 (2) 22 (3) 21 (4) 24

Q10. If the points of intersection of the ellipses $x^2 + 2y^2 - 6x - 12y + 23 = 0$ and $4x^2 + 2y^2 - 20x - 12y + 35 = 0$ lie on a circle of radius r and centre (a, b) , then the value of $ab + 18r^2$ is

- (1) 53 (2) 51 (3) 55 (4) 52

Q11. If $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{a|x| + x^2 - 2(\sin|x|)(\cos|x|)}{x}, & x \neq 0 \\ b, & x = 0 \end{cases}$ is continuous at $x = 0$, then $a + b$ is equal to

- (1) 0 (2) 1 (3) 4 (4) 2

Q12. Let $\vec{a}$, $\vec{b}$, $\vec{c}$ be three vectors such that $\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = 2(\vec{a} \times \vec{c})$. If $|\vec{a}| = 1$, $|\vec{b}| = 4$, $|\vec{c}| = 2$, and the angle between $\vec{b}$ and $\vec{c}$ is 60° , then $|\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c}|$ is equal to

- (1) 4 (2) 2 (3) 0 (4) 1

Q13. Let $\vec{a} = \hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$, $\vec{b} = 2\hat{i} + \hat{j} - \hat{k}$, $\vec{c} = \lambda\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $\vec{v} = \vec{a} \times \vec{b}$. If $\vec{v} \cdot \vec{c} = 11$ and the length of the projection of $\vec{b}$ on $\vec{c}$ is p , then $9p^2$ is equal to

- (1) 12 (2) 4 (3) 9 (4) 6

Q14. Let PQ be a chord of the hyperbola $\frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$, perpendicular to the x -axis such that OPQ is an equilateral triangle, O being the centre of the hyperbola. If the eccentricity of the hyperbola is $\sqrt{3}$, then the area of the triangle OPQ is

- (1) $\frac{11}{5}$ (2) $\frac{9}{5}$ (3) $\frac{8\sqrt{3}}{5}$ (4) $2\sqrt{3}$

Q15. Let $\frac{\pi}{2} < \theta < \pi$ and $\cot \theta = -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$. Then the value of

$$\sin\left(\frac{15\theta}{2}\right)(\cos 8\theta + \sin 8\theta) + \cos\left(\frac{15\theta}{2}\right)(\cos 8\theta - \sin 8\theta)$$

is equal to

(1) $\frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{\sqrt{3}}$ (2) $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}}$ (3) $\frac{1-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}}$ (4) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}}$

Q16. If $z = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{i}{2}$, $i = \sqrt{-1}$, then $(z^{201} - i)^8$ is equal to

(1) 0 (2) 256 (3) -1 (4) 1

Q17. Consider two sets $A = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} : ||x - 3| - 3| \leq 1\}$ and

$$B = \left\{x \in \mathbb{R} - \{1, 2\} : \frac{(x-2)(x-4)}{x-1} \log_e(|x-2|) = 0\right\}.$$

Then the number of onto functions $f : A \rightarrow B$ is equal to

(1) 32 (2) 62 (3) 81 (4) 79

Q18. Let $A(1, 2)$ and $C(-3, -6)$ be two diagonally opposite vertices of a rhombus, whose sides AD and BC are parallel to the line $7x - y = 14$. If $B(\alpha, \beta)$ and $D(\gamma, \delta)$ are the other two vertices, then $|\alpha + \beta + \gamma + \delta|$ is equal to

(1) 6 (2) 1 (3) 9 (4) 3

Q19. Let $\sum_{k=1}^n a_k = \alpha n^2 + \beta n$. If $a_{10} = 59$ and $a_6 = 7a_1$, then $\alpha + \beta$ is equal to

(1) 3 (2) 5 (3) 7 (4) 12

Q20. The number of ways in which 16 oranges can be distributed to four children such that each child gets at least one orange, is

(1) 403 (2) 384 (3) 429 (4) 455

SECTION: MATHEMATICS — SECTION B

Q21. Let S denote the set of 4-digit numbers $abcd$ such that $a > b > c > d$ and P denote the set of 5-digit numbers having product of its digits equal to 20. Then $n(S) + n(P)$ is equal to _____.

Q22. If the image of the point $P(a, 2, a)$ in the line $\frac{x}{2} = \frac{y+a}{1} = \frac{z}{1}$ is Q and the image of Q in the line $\frac{x-2b}{2} = \frac{y-a}{1} = \frac{z+2b}{-5}$ is P , then $a + b$ is equal to _____.

Q23. Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & -3 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ and B be a matrix such that $B(I - A) = I + A$. Then the sum of the diagonal elements of $B^T B$ is equal to _____.

Q24. The number of elements in the set

$$S = \left\{ x : x \in [0, 100] \text{ and } \int_0^x t^2 \sin(x-t) dt = x^2 \right\}$$

is _____.

Q25. If the solution curve $y = f(x)$ of the differential equation

$$(x^2 - 4)y' - 2xy + 2x(4 - x^2)^2 = 0, \quad x > 2,$$

passes through the point (3, 15), then the local maximum value of f is _____.

SECTION: PHYSICS — SECTION A

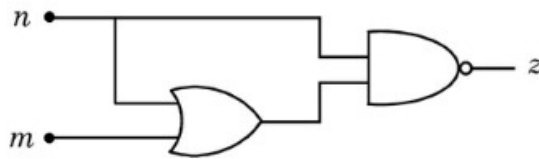
Q26. A small metallic sphere of diameter 2 mm and density 10.5 g/cm^3 is dropped in glycerine having viscosity 10 Poise and density 1.5 g/cm^3 respectively. The terminal velocity attained by the sphere is _____ cm/s.

$$\left(\pi = \frac{22}{7} \text{ and } g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \right)$$

- (1) 1.5 (2) 2.0 (3) 3.0 (4) 1.0

Q27. For the given logic gate circuit, which of the following is the correct truth table?

For the given logic gate circuit, which of the following is the correct truth table ?



(1)	n	m	z	(2)	n	m	z
	0	0	0		0	0	1
	0	1	1		0	1	1
	1	1	0		1	1	0
	1	0	1		1	0	0
(3)	n	m	z	(4)	n	m	z
	0	0	1		0	0	1
	0	1	0		0	1	0
	1	1	1		1	1	0
	1	0	0		1	0	0

Q28. An air bubble of volume 2.9 cm^3 rises from the bottom of a swimming pool of 5 m deep. At the bottom of the pool water temperature is 17°C . The volume of the bubble when it reaches the surface, where the water temperature is 27°C , is _____ cm^3 . ($g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$, density of water = 10^3 kg/m^3 , and 1 atm pressure = 10^5 Pa)

- (1) 2.0 (2) 3.0 (3) 4.5 (4) 4.2

Q29. A circular loop of radius 7 cm is placed in uniform magnetic field of 0.2 T directed perpendicular to plane of loop. The loop is converted into a square loop in 0.5 s. The EMF induced in the loop is _____ mV.

- (1) 13.2 (2) 8.25 (3) 6.6 (4) 1.32

Q30. A body of mass 14 kg initially at rest explodes and breaks into three fragments of masses in the ratio 2 : 2 : 3. The two pieces of equal masses fly off perpendicular to each other with a speed of 18 m/s each. The velocity of the heavier fragment is _____ m/s.

- (1) $12\sqrt{2}$ (2) 12 (3) $10\sqrt{2}$ (4) $24\sqrt{2}$

Q31. Which of the following pair of nuclei are isobars of the element?

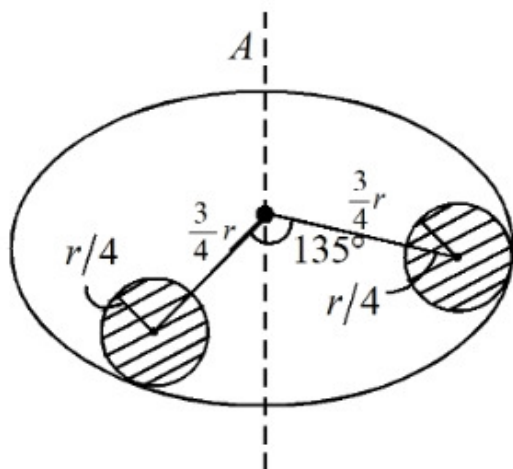
- (1) ${}_{92}^{236}\text{U}$ and ${}_{92}^{238}\text{U}$ (2) ${}^2_1\text{H}$ and ${}^3_1\text{H}$
 (3) ${}^3_1\text{H}$ and ${}^3_2\text{He}$ (4) ${}^{198}_{80}\text{Hg}$ and ${}^{197}_{79}\text{Au}$

Q32. The ratio of speeds of electromagnetic waves in vacuum and a medium, having dielectric constant $k = 3$ and permeability $\mu = 2\mu_0$ (μ_0 = permeability of vacuum) is

- (1) $\sqrt{6} : 1$ (2) 6 : 1 (3) 36 : 1 (4) 3 : 2

Q33. Two short dipoles (A, B), A having charges $\pm 2 \mu\text{C}$ and length 1 cm and B having charges $\pm 4 \mu\text{C}$ and length 1 cm are placed with their centres 80 cm apart as shown in the figure. The electric field at a point P, equi-distant from the centres of both dipoles is _____ N/C.

Suppose there is a uniform circular disc of mass M kg and radius r m shown in figure. The shaded regions are cut out from the disc. The moment of inertia of the remainder about the axis A of the disc is given by $\frac{x}{256} Mr^2$. The value of x is _____.



- (1) $4.5\sqrt{2} \times 10^4$ (2) $9\sqrt{2} \times 10^4$
 (3) $\frac{9}{16}\sqrt{2} \times 10^5$ (4) $\frac{9}{16}\sqrt{2} \times 10^4$

Q34. The internal energy of a monoatomic gas is $3nRT$. One mole of helium is kept in a cylinder having internal cross section area of 17 cm^2 and fitted with a light movable frictionless piston. The gas is heated slowly by supplying 126 J heat. If the temperature rises by 4°C , then the piston will move _____ cm. (atmospheric pressure = 10^5 Pa)

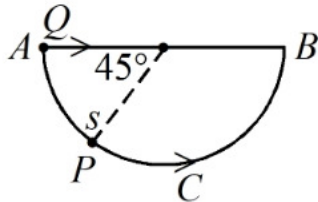
- (1) 15.5 (2) 1.55 (3) 1.45 (4) 14.5

Q35. To compare EMF of two cells using potentiometer the balancing lengths obtained are 200 cm and 150 cm. The least count of scale is 1 cm. The percentage error in the ratio of EMFs is _____.

- (1) 1.65 (2) 1.55 (3) 1.45 (4) 1.75

Q36. A bead P sliding on a frictionless semi-circular string (ACB) and it is at point S at $t = 0$ and at this instant the horizontal component of its velocity is v . Another bead Q of the same mass as P is ejected from point A at $t = 0$ along the horizontal string AB , with the speed v , friction between the beads and the respective strings may be neglected in both cases. Let t_P and t_Q be the respective times taken by beads P and Q to reach the point B , then the relation between t_P and t_Q is

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- (1) $t_P > t_Q$ (2) $t_P > 1.25t_Q$ (3) $t_P = t_Q$ (4) $t_P < t_Q$

Q37. A parallel plate capacitor with plate separation 5 mm is charged by a battery. On introducing a mica sheet of 2 mm and maintaining the connections of the plates with the terminals of the battery, it is found that it draws 25% more charge from the battery. The dielectric constant of mica is _____.

- (1) 2.0 (2) 1.0 (3) 1.5 (4) 2.5

Q38. One mole of an ideal diatomic gas expands from volume V to $2V$ isothermally at a temperature 27°C and does W joule of work. If the gas undergoes same magnitude of expansion adiabatically from 27°C doing the same amount of work W , then its final temperature will be (close to) _____ $^\circ\text{C}$. ($\log_e 2 = 0.693$)

- (1) -56 (2) -30 (3) -189 (4) -117

Q39. A block is sliding down on an inclined plane of slope θ and at an instant $t = 0$ this block is given an upward momentum so that it starts moving up on the inclined surface with velocity u . The distance (S) travelled by the block before its velocity becomes zero, is _____. (g = gravitational acceleration)

- (1) $\frac{u^2}{2g \cos \theta}$ (2) $\frac{u^2}{\sqrt{2} g \cos \theta}$
(3) $\frac{u^2}{4g \sin \theta}$ (4) $\frac{2u^2}{g \cos \theta}$

Q40. A paratrooper jumps from an aeroplane and opens a parachute after 2 s of free fall and starts deaccelerating with 3 m/s^2 . At 10 m height from ground, while descending with the help of parachute, the speed of paratrooper is 5 m/s. The initial height of the airplane is _____ m. ($g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)

- (1) 82.5 (2) 92.5 (3) 62.5 (4) 20

Q41. Two charges $7 \mu\text{C}$ and $-2 \mu\text{C}$ are placed at $(-9, 0, 0)$ cm and $(9, 0, 0)$ cm respectively in an external field $E = \frac{A}{r^2} \hat{r}$, where $A = 9 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C.m}^2$. Considering the potential at infinity is 0, the electrostatic energy of the configuration is _____ J.

- (1) 24.3 (2) 49.3 (3) -90.7 (4) 1.4

Q42. Suppose a long solenoid of 100 cm length, radius 2 cm having 500 turns per unit length, carries a current $I = 10 \sin(\omega t)$ A, where $\omega = 1000$ rad/s. A circular conducting loop (B) of radius 1 cm coaxially slid through the solenoid at a speed $v = 1$ cm/s. The r.m.s. current through the loop when the coil B is inserted 10 cm inside the solenoid is $\alpha/\sqrt{2}$ μ A. The value of α is _____. [Resistance of the loop = 10 Ω]

- (1) 197 (2) 100 (3) 80 (4) 280

Q43. The current passing through a conducting loop in the form of equilateral triangle of side $4\sqrt{3}$ cm is 2 A. The magnetic field at its centroid is $\alpha \times 10^{-5}$ T. The value of α is _____. (Given: $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$ SI units)

- (1) $3\sqrt{3}$ (2) $2\sqrt{3}$ (3) $\sqrt{3}$ (4) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

Q44. When an unpolarized light falls at a particular angle on a glass plate (placed in air), it is observed that the reflected beam is linearly polarized. The angle of refracted beam with respect to the normal is _____. ($\tan^{-1}(1.52) = 57.7^\circ$, refractive indices of air and glass are 1.00 and 1.52, respectively.)

- (1) 39.6° (2) 32.3° (3) 42.6° (4) 36.3°

Q45. A prism of angle 75° and refractive index $\sqrt{3}$ is coated with thin film of refractive index 1.5 only at the back exit surface. To have total internal reflection at the back exit surface the incident angle must be _____. ($\sin 15^\circ = 0.25$ and $\sin 25^\circ = 0.43$)

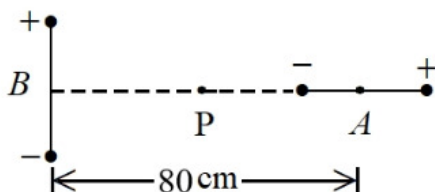
- (1) $> 25^\circ$ (2) 15° (3) between 15° and 20° (4) $< 15^\circ$

SECTION: PHYSICS — SECTION B

Q46. The average energy released per fission for the nucleus of ${}^{235}_{92}\text{U}$ is 190 MeV. When all the atoms of 47 g pure ${}^{235}_{92}\text{U}$ undergo fission process, the energy released is $\alpha \times 10^{23}$ MeV. The value of α is _____. (Avogadro Number = 6×10^{23} per mole)

Q47. Suppose there is a uniform circular disc of mass M kg and radius r m shown in figure. The shaded regions are cut out from the disc. The moment of inertia of the remainder about the axis A of the disc is given by $\frac{x}{256} Mr^2$. The value of x is _____.

Two short dipoles (A, B), A having charges $\pm 2 \mu\text{C}$ and length 1 cm and B having charges $\pm 4 \mu\text{C}$ and length 1 cm are placed with their centres 80 cm apart as shown in the figure. The electric field at a point P, equi-distant from the centres of both dipoles is _____ N/C.



Q48. A ball of radius r and density ρ dropped through a viscous liquid of density σ and viscosity η attains its terminal velocity at time t , given by $t = A \rho^a r^b \eta^c \sigma^d$, where A is a constant and a, b, c, d are integers. The value of $\frac{b+c}{a+d}$ is _____.

Q49. The velocity of sound in air is doubled when the temperature is raised from 0°C to $\alpha^{\circ}\text{C}$. The value of α is _____.

Q50. The size of the images of an object, formed by a thin lens are equal when the object is placed at two different positions 8 cm and 24 cm from the lens. The focal length of the lens is _____ cm.

SECTION: CHEMISTRY — SECTION A

Q51. Given below are two statements:

Statement I: 2-aminonaphthalene can be synthesized from 2-naphthylamine using simpler reagents in the order (i) Acidic KMnO_4 , (ii) Ammonia, (iii) Bromine and alkali.

Statement II: 2-amino-4-methylcyclohexan-1-one can be converted into 2,4-dimethyl-1-bromocyclohex-2-ene using reagents in the order (i) Bromine- H_2O , (ii) NaNO_2/HCl ($0-5^{\circ}\text{C}$), (iii) Aq. H_3PO_2 .

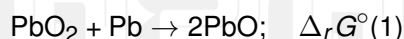
In the light of the above statements, choose the *correct* answer:

- (1) Statement I is false but Statement II is true (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
(3) Statement I is true but Statement II is false (4) Both Statement I and Statement II are true

Q52. In Carius method 0.2425 g of an organic compound gave 0.5253 g silver chloride. The percentage of chlorine in the organic compound is

- (1) 37.57% (2) 34.79% (3) 53.58% (4) 87.65%

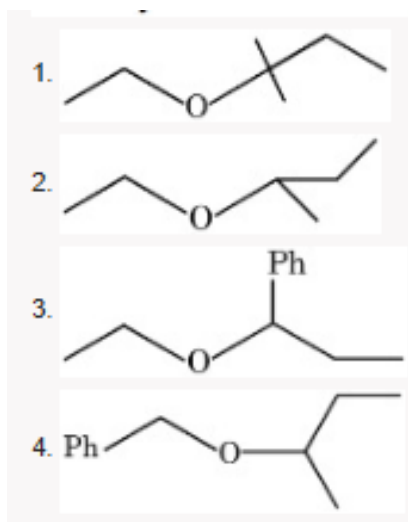
Q53. It is noticed that Pb^{2+} is more stable than Pb^{4+} but Sn^{2+} is less stable than Sn^{4+} . Observe the following reactions.



Identify the correct set from the following:

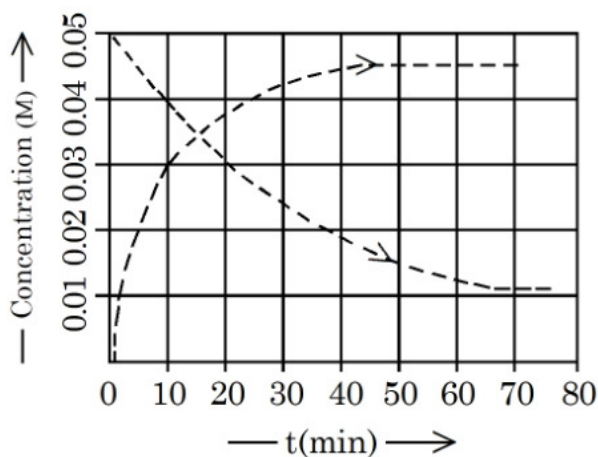
- (1) $\Delta_r G^\circ(1) > 0$; $\Delta_r G^\circ(2) < 0$ (2) $\Delta_r G^\circ(1) < 0$; $\Delta_r G^\circ(2) > 0$
(3) $\Delta_r G^\circ(1) > 0$; $\Delta_r G^\circ(2) > 0$ (4) $\Delta_r G^\circ(1) < 0$; $\Delta_r G^\circ(2) < 0$

Q54. A mixed ether (P), when heated with excess of hot concentrated hydrogen iodide produces two different alkyl iodides which when treated with aq. NaOH give compounds (Q) and (R). Both (Q) and (R) give yellow precipitate with NaOI . Identify the mixed ether (P):



- (1) sec-butyl isopropyl ether (2) isopropyl 1-phenylethyl ether
 (3) sec-butyl isobutyl ether (4) benzyl isopropyl ether

Q55. Given above is the concentration vs time plot for a dissociation reaction: $A \rightarrow nB$.



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Based on the data of the initial phase of the reaction (initial 10 min), the value of n is _____.

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- (1) 4 (2) 5 (3) 2 (4) 3

Q56. The work functions of two metals (M_A and M_B) are in the 1 : 2 ratio. When these metals are exposed to photons of energy 6 eV, the kinetic energy of liberated electrons of $M_A : M_B$ is in the ratio of 2.642 : 1. The work functions (in eV) of M_A and M_B are respectively

- (1) 2.3, 4.6 (2) 3.1, 6.2 (3) 1.4, 2.8 (4) 1.5, 3.0

Q57. Observe the following reactions at T(K).

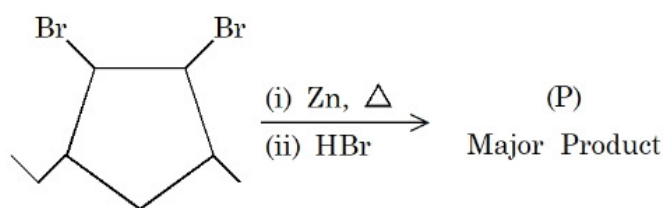
I. $A \rightarrow \text{products}$

II. $5\text{Br}^-(aq) + \text{BrO}_3^-(aq) + 6\text{H}^+(aq) \rightarrow 3\text{Br}_2(aq) + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$

Both the reactions are started at 10.00 am. The rates of these reactions at 10.10 am are the same. The value of $-\frac{\Delta[\text{Br}^-]}{\Delta t}$ at 10.10 am is $2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol L}^{-1} \text{ min}^{-1}$. The concentration of A at 10.10 am is $10^{-2} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$. What is the first order rate constant (in min^{-1}) of reaction I?

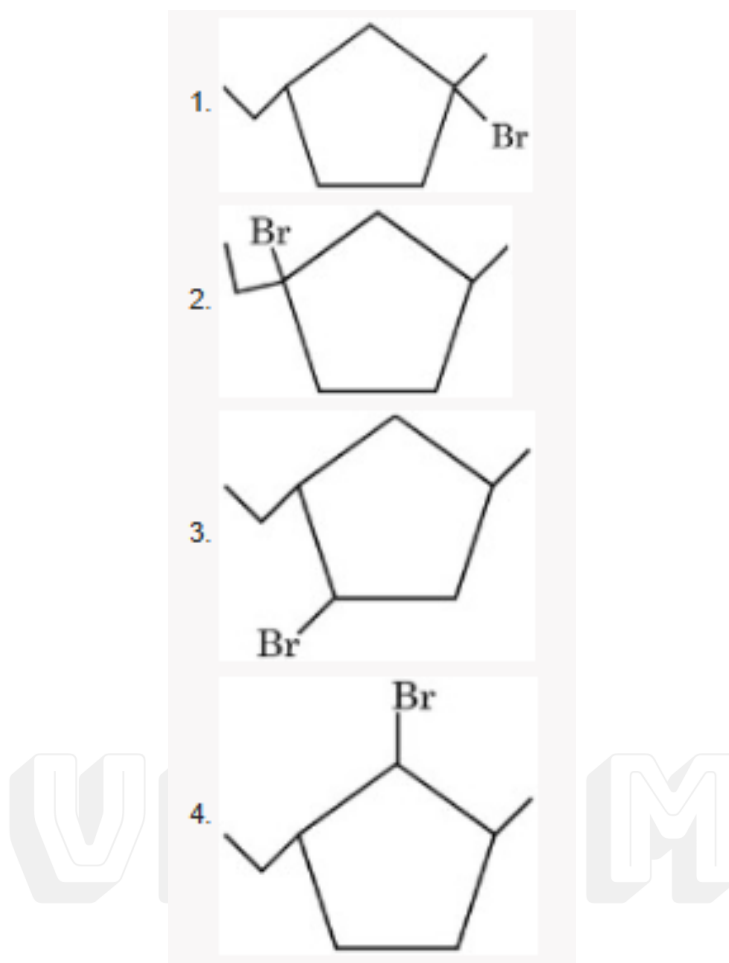
- (1) 2×10^{-3} (2) 4×10^{-3} (3) 10^{-2} (4) 10^{-3}

Q58.



Identify (P)

A 1,2-dibromocyclopentane (with two methyl substituents) undergoes (i) Zn, Δ ; (ii) HBr to give major product (P). Identify (P):



Q59. Given below are two statements:

Statement I: $(CH_3)_3\overset{+}{C}$ is more stable than $\overset{+}{C}H_3$ as nine hyperconjugation interactions are possible in $(CH_3)_3\overset{+}{C}$.

Statement II: $\overset{+}{C}H_3$ is less stable than $(CH_3)_3\overset{+}{C}$ as only three hyperconjugation interactions are possible in $\overset{+}{C}H_3$.

In the light of the above statements, choose the *correct* answer:

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are true (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
 (3) Statement I is false but Statement II is true (4) Statement I is true but Statement II is false

Q60. Which statements are **NOT TRUE** about XeO_2F_2 ?

- A. It has a see-saw shape.
 B. Xe has 5 electron pairs in its valence shell in XeO_2F_2 .
 C. The O–Xe–O bond angle is close to 180° .
 D. The F–Xe–F bond angle is close to 180° .
 E. Xe has 16 valence electrons in XeO_2F_2 .

Choose the *correct* answer:

- (1) B and D Only (2) B, C and E Only (3) A and D Only (4) B, D and E Only

Q61. Identify the INCORRECT statements from the following:

- A. Notation ${}_{12}^{24}\text{Mg}$ represents 24 protons and 12 neutrons.
B. Wavelength of a radiation of frequency $4.5 \times 10^{15} \text{ s}^{-1}$ is $6.7 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m}$.
C. One radiation has wavelength = λ_1 (900 nm) and energy = E_1 . Other radiation has wavelength = λ_2 (300 nm) and energy = E_2 . $E_1 : E_2 = 3 : 1$.
D. Number of photons of light of wavelength 2000 pm that provides 1 J of energy is 1.006×10^{16} .

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

- (1) A and D Only (2) A and C Only (3) A and B Only (4) B and C Only

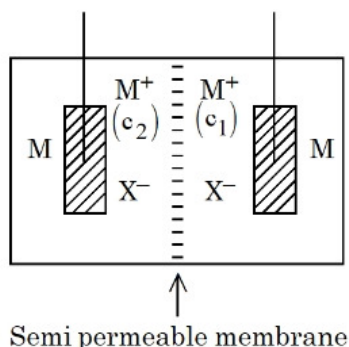
Q62. Both human DNA and RNA are chiral molecules. The chirality in DNA and RNA arises due to the presence of

- (1) Base unit (2) Chiral phosphate unit
(3) L-sugar component (4) D-sugar component

Q63. The oxidation state of chromium in the final product formed in the reaction between KI and acidified $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$ solution is:

- (1) +3 (2) +6 (3) +2 (4) +4

Q64. Consider the electrochemical cell where a metal electrode (M) is undergoing redox reaction by forming M^+ ($M \rightarrow M^+ + e^-$). The cation M^+ is present in two different concentrations c_1 and c_2 as shown above. Which of the following statement is correct for generating a positive cell potential?



Consider the above electrochemical cell where a metal electrode (M) is undergoing redox reaction by forming M^+ ($M \rightarrow M^+ + e^-$). The cation M^+ is present in two different concentrations c_1 and c_2 as shown above. Which of the following statement is correct for generating a positive cell potential?

- (1) If c_1 is present at anode, then $c_1 > c_2$ (2) If c_1 is present at cathode, then $c_1 > c_2$
(3) If c_1 is present at anode, then $c_1 = c_2$ (4) If c_1 is present at cathode, then $c_1 < c_2$

Q65. A student has been given a compound "x" of molecular formula $\text{C}_6\text{H}_7\text{N}$. 'x' is sparingly soluble in water. However, on addition of dilute mineral acid, 'x' becomes soluble in water. 'x' when treated with CHCl_3 and $\text{KOH}(\text{alc})$, 'y' is produced. 'y' has a specific unpleasant smell. On treatment with benzenesulphonyl chloride, 'x' gives a compound 'z' which is soluble in alkali. The number of different "H" atoms present in 'z' is:

- (1) 5 (2) 4 (3) 8 (4) 7

Q66. Which of the following statements are **TRUE** about Haloform reaction?

- A. Sodium hypochlorite reacts with KI to give KOI.
B. KOI is a reducing agent.

C. α, β -unsaturated methylketone $\left(\text{CH}_3-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-\overset{\text{O}}{\parallel}{\text{C}}-\text{CH}_3 \right)$ will give iodoform reaction.

D. Isopropyl alcohol will not give iodoform test.

E. Methanoic acid will give positive iodoform test.

Choose the *correct* answer:

(1) A, B & C Only (2) B, D & E Only (3) A & C Only (4) A, C & E Only

Q67. Elements X and Y belong to Group 15. The difference between the electronegativity values of 'X' and phosphorus is higher than that of the difference between phosphorus and 'Y'. 'X' & 'Y' are respectively

(1) As & Bi (2) Bi & N (3) As & Sb (4) N & As

Q68. Iodoform test can differentiate between

- A. Methanol and Ethanol
- B. CH_3COOH and $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$
- C. Cyclohexene and cyclohexanone
- D. Diethyl ether and Pentan-3-one
- E. Anisole and acetone

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

(1) B, C & E Only (2) A, B & E Only (3) A & E Only (4) A & D Only

Q69. Identify the CORRECT set of details from the following:

- A. $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$: Inner orbital complex; d^2sp^3 hybridized
- B. $[\text{MnCl}_6]^{3-}$: Outer orbital complex; sp^3d^2 hybridized
- C. $[\text{CoF}_6]^{3-}$: Outer orbital complex; d^2sp^3 hybridized
- D. $[\text{FeF}_6]^{3-}$: Outer orbital complex; sp^3d^2 hybridized
- E. $[\text{Ni}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$: Inner orbital complex; sp^3 hybridized

Choose the correct answer:

(1) A, B, C, D & E (2) C & D Only
(3) A, B & D Only (4) A, C & E Only

Q70. Given below are two statements:

Statement I: The second ionisation enthalpy of Na is larger than the corresponding ionisation enthalpy of Mg.

Statement II: The ionic radius of O^{2-} is larger than that of F^- .

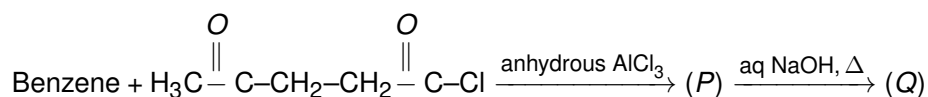
In the light of the above statements, choose the *correct* answer:

(1) Statement I is true but Statement II is false (2) Statement I is false but Statement II is true
(3) Both Statement I and Statement II are true (4) Both Statement I and Statement II are false

SECTION: CHEMISTRY — SECTION B

Q71. Total number of unpaired electrons present in the central metal atoms/ions of $[\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4]$, $[\text{NiCl}_4]^{2-}$, $[\text{PtCl}_2(\text{NH}_3)_2]$, $[\text{Ni}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$ and $[\text{Pt}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$ is _____.

Q72. Consider the following reaction of benzene:



In compound (Q), the percentage of oxygen is _____. (Nearest integer)

Q73. 200 cc of $x \times 10^{-3}$ M potassium dichromate is required to oxidise 750 cc of 0.6 M Mohr's salt solution in acidic medium. Here $x =$ _____.

Q74. Two liquids A and B form an ideal solution. At 320 K, the vapour pressure of the solution, containing 3 mol of A and 1 mol of B is 500 mm Hg. At the same temperature, if 1 mol of A is further added to this solution, vapour pressure of the solution increases by 20 mm Hg. Vapour pressure (in mm Hg) of B in pure state is _____. (Nearest integer)

Q75. $X_2(g) + Y_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2Z(g)$

$X_2(g)$ and $Y_2(g)$ are added to a 1 L flask and it is found that the system attains the above equilibrium at T(K) with the number of moles of $X_2(g)$, $Y_2(g)$ and $Z(g)$ being 3, 3 and 9 mol respectively (equilibrium moles). Under this condition of equilibrium, 10 mol of $Z(g)$ is added to the flask and the temperature is maintained at T(K). Then the number of moles of $Z(g)$ in the flask when the new equilibrium is established is _____. (Nearest integer)

VRSAM