

PRODUCT SAFETY DATA SHEET



HEALTH • HYGIENE • HOME

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

CILLIT BANG Drain Gel

Contains Sodium Hypochlorite, Sodium Hydroxide

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Drain opener and cleaner

1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

The United Kingdom:

RB UK Hygiene Home Commercial Ltd
Wellcroft House
Wellcroft Road
Slough, Berkshire SL1 4AQ

The Republic Of Ireland:

RB Ireland Hygiene Home Commercial Ltd
7 Riverwalk
Citywest Business Campus
Dublin 24 Ireland

1.4 Emergency telephone number

RB UK Contact Telephone: 0845 769 7079

RB ROI Contact Telephone: 01 661 7318

Only available during the following office hours: 09:00 - 17:00 weekdays

RB email: consumer.relations-ukroi@rb.com



Poisons Information Centre of Ireland 01 809 2166 8am-10pm 7 days a week

Revision Date:

1 October 2018

Revision:

4

Replacing:

1554500003 01 Feb 2017

RB Ref No:

1554500004

Revisions: Formula change

Additional useful information

Product Format: Pale yellow viscous liquid in HDPE bottle

Proper Shipping Name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium hypochlorite, solut

UN Transport Code: UN: 3266 **Class & Packing Group:** 8 II

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Met. Corr. 1, H290

Skin Corr. 1, H314

Aquatic Acute 1, H400

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : May be corrosive to metals.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Very toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements

General : Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention : Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response : IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : sodium hypochlorite
sodium hydroxide

Supplemental label elements : Warning! Do not use together with other products. May release dangerous gases (chlorine).

Ingredient Declaration:

Per 100g of product contains 4.5g sodium hypochlorite
Contains less than 5% Chlorine based bleaching agents
Contains less than 5% non-ionic surfactants
Disinfectant

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : None.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings : Yes, applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Yes, applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

Additional information : Short term Skin Bleaching agent. IF ON SKIN: Rinse skin with water.

Additional guidance : Do not mix with household chemicals . May release dangerous gases (chlorine).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Type
sodium hypochlorite	REACH #: 01-2119488154-34 EC: 231-668-3 CAS: 7681-52-9 Index: 017-011-00-1	<5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) EUH031	[1]
sodium hydroxide	REACH #: 01-2119457892-27 EC: 215-185-5 CAS: 1310-73-2 Index: 011-002-00-6	≤3	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1] [2]
N,N-dimethyltetradecylamine N-oxide	EC: 222-059-3 CAS: 3332-27-2	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Named substances

Name	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
Mixtures of sodium hypochlorite classified as Aquatic Acute Category 1 [H400] containing less than 5 % active chlorine and not classified under any of the other hazard categories in Part 1 of Annex I.	200	500

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute 1 or Chronic 1	100	200

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Consumer uses: Sewerage Cleaner.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
sodium hydroxide	<p>EU OEL (Europe, 8/2007). STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</p> <p>Rozporządzenie Ministra Pracy i Polityki Społecznej (Dz. U. 2002 Nr 217, poz. 1833, z późn. zm.) (Poland, 12/2011). TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 1 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</p>

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
sodium hypochlorite	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	3.1 mg/m ³	-	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	3.1 mg/m ³	-	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.55 mg/m ³	-	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.26 mg/m ³	-	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.55 mg/m ³	-	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.5 mg/m ³	-	Local
sodium hydroxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m ³	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2 %	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2 %	Consumers	Local

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
sodium hypochlorite	Fresh water	0.21 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.042 µg/l	Assessment Factors

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374 - Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms.
- Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"); Chlorinated polyethylene; Butyl rubber; Polyethylene.
- Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Natural rubber ("latex"); Neoprene; Viton; Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL").
- A glove with a protection class of 4 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 120 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 1 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 10 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended.
- Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.
- NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, checks during use should be carried out to ensure the gloves are still retaining their protective properties.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid. [Gel]
Colour	: Yellow. [Light]
Odour	: bleach
Odour threshold	: Not available.
pH	: 12.5 to 13.5 [Conc. (% w/w): 1%]
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: >93.3°C
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Not available.
Vapour pressure	: Not available.
Vapour density	: Not available.
Density	: 1.08 to 1.11 g/cm ³ [20°C]
Solubility(ies)	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): 39000 to 70000 mPa·s
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Chlorine Content (%)	: 4.3 - 4.7
Acidic. Test [g NaOH/100g Product]	: 3
Corrosivity Remarks	: May be corrosive to metals.

9.2 Other information

Solubility in water : Not available.

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.

Warning Do not mix with household chemicals

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
acids
metals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Instability Conditions : Not available.

Instability temperature : Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
sodium hypochlorite, solution	LD50 Oral	Rat	1100 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	16936.5 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
sodium hypochlorite, solution	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	1.31 milligrams	-
sodium hydroxide	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Monkey	-	24 hours 1 Percent	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 Percent	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 1 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 2 Percent	-
Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-	

Skin : Based on Calculation method: Causes Severe Skin Burns (EU).

Eyes : Based on Calculation method: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

No known effect according to our database.

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

No known effect according to our database.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

No known effect according to our database.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

No known effect according to our database.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

No known effect according to our database.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

No known effect according to our database.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No known effect according to our database.

Aspiration hazard

No known effect according to our database.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 - pain
 - watering
 - redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 - pain or irritation
 - redness
 - blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 - stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

- General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
sodium hypochlorite, solution	Acute EC50 0.67 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Phaeodactylum tricornutum - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Acute LC50 56400 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 32 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 32 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Isochrysis galbana - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio - Young	30 days

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No known effect according to our database.

Conclusion/Summary : The surfactant(s) contained in this preparation complies (comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No known effect according to our database.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Release of large quantities into water may cause a pH-change resulting in danger for aquatic life.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
20 01 29*	detergents containing hazardous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

For long distance transport of bulk material or shrunk pallet take into consideration sections 7 and 10.

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN3266	UN3266	UN3266	UN3266
14.2 UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium hypochlorite, solution, sodium hydroxide)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium hypochlorite, solution, sodium hydroxide)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Sodium hypochlorite , sodium hydroxide).	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Sodium hypochlorite , sodium hydroxide)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	8 	8 	8 	8
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

SECTION 14: Transport information

<p>Additional information</p>	<p>The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</p> <p>Hazard identification number 80</p> <p>Limited quantity 1 L</p> <p>Special provisions 274</p> <p>Tunnel code (E)</p>	<p>The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</p> <p>Special provisions 274</p>	<p>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</p> <p>Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-B</p> <p>Special provisions 274</p>	<p>The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.</p> <p>Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 1 L Packaging instructions: 851</p> <p>Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 30 L Packaging instructions: 855</p> <p>Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 0.5 L Packaging instructions: Y840</p> <p>Special provisions A3, A803</p>
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14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : None.

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Named substances

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Name

Mixtures of sodium hypochlorite classified as Aquatic Acute Category 1 [H400] containing less than 5 % active chlorine and not classified under any of the other hazard categories in Part 1 of Annex I.

Danger criteria

Category

E1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute 1 or Chronic 1

- Storage code** : 8B
- Storage code Reference:** : TRGS 510 - Storage of hazardous substances in nonstationary containers
- Hazard class for water** : 2 Appendix No. 4
- WGK: Notes** : Administrative Regulation on the Classification of Substances hazardous to waters into Water Hazard Classes (VwVwS) - for bulk material, not applicable for product in domestic pack sizes.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

- Abbreviations and acronyms** :
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 - CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
 - DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
 - DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
 - EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
 - PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
 - PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
 - RRN = REACH Registration Number
 - vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Expert judgment On basis of test data Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H302	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
EUH031	Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.
Eye Dam. 1, H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Met. Corr. 1, H290	CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1, H314	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A, H314	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SECTION 16: Other information

This document complements the technical usage instructions but does not replace them. The information contained herein is based on our best current knowledge of the product concerned, and is given in good faith. The attention of recipients is drawn to (amongst other things) the element of risk consequent to use of the product other than that for which it was intended.

In no way does this document remove the need of the recipient of the product to fully understand and apply statutory requirements. It is the recipient's sole responsibility to take due precautions relative to the use made of the product. All information contained herein is only to assist the recipient in fulfilling their statutory duty connected with the use of hazardous materials.

This Document may be entitled Product Safety Data Sheet as required by REACH (Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and restriction of Chemicals) Annex II OR Product Data Information Sheet where a product is not required to be supported by a full REACH compliant SDS (e.g. not classified as hazardous or out of scope, such as cosmetics).

Changes from the previous version are given in Section 1.

This list of information must not be considered as exhaustive, and does not exonerate the recipient from taking other precautions described in documents other than those mentioned, concerning the storage and use of the product, for which they remain the sole person responsible.