Date: 13/Jan/2020

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name

. 904739 Mouse Mat & Wrist Rest Charcoal 904755 Mouse Pad Translucent Blue

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use

: Component of a Polyurethane System.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Acute toxicity (Inhalation)

: Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation

: Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

: Category 2B

Respiratory sensitisation

: Category 1

Skin sensitisation

: Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

: Category 3 (Respiratory system)

GHS label elements

Hazard statements

: H315 + H320 Causes skin and eye irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing

difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

: Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of

the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves. P284 Wear respiratory protection.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air

and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/ attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/

attention.

P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a

POISON CENTER/doctor.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container

tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved facility in accordance with local, regional, national and international

regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture

: Mixture

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	30 - 60
Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]	59675-67-1	13 - 30
4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers	25686-28-6	13 - 30
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	128-37-0	0.1 - 1

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice

: Move out of dangerous area.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

First aid measures for different exposure routes

If inhaled

: If breathed in, move person into fresh air.

Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

Keep patient warm and at rest. Keep respiratory tract clear. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial

respiration.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

Consult a physician immediately if symptoms such as

shortness of breath or asthma are observed.

A hyper-reactive response to even minimal concentrations of

diisocyanates may develop in sensitised persons.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical

surveillance for 48 hours.

LC50 (rat): ca. 490 mg/m³ (4 hours): using experimentally produced respirable aerosol having aerodynamic diameter

<5microns.

In case of skin contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

Call a physician if irritation develops or persists.

An MDI study has demonstrated that a polyglycol-based skin cleanser (such as D-TamTM, PEG-400) or corn oil may be

more effective than soap and water.

In case of eye contact

: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed

: Gently wipe or rinse the inside of the mouth with water.

DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.

Keep respiratory tract clear.

Keep at rest.

If a person vomits when lying on his back, place him in the recovery position.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Take victim immediately to hospital. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Severe allergic skin reactions, bronchiospasm and anaphylactic shock

This product is a respiratory irritant and potential respiratory sensitiser; repeated inhalation of vapour or aerosol at levels above the occupational exposure limit could cause respiratory sensitisation.

Symptoms may include irritation to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs, possibly combined with dryness of the throat, tightness of chest and difficulty in breathing.

The onset of the respiratory symptoms may be delayed for

several hours after exposure.

A hyper-reactive response to even minimal concentrations of

MDI may develop in sensitised persons.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give

mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection

and use the recommended protective clothing

Notes to physician

: Symptomatic and supportive therapy as needed. Following severe exposure medical follow-up should be monitored for at least 48 hours.

The first aid procedure should be established in consultation with the doctor responsible for industrial medicine.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media :

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water may be used if no other available and then in copious quantities. Reaction between water and hot isocyanate may

be vigorous.

Specific hazards during firefighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat.

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products

Combustion products may include: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, hydrocarbons and HCN. In the event of extreme heat (>500 degrees C), aniline is suspected of being formed.

Specific extinguishing methods

: Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Due to reaction with water producing CO2-gas, a hazardous build-up of pressure could result if contaminated containers are re-sealed.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface

water or the ground water system.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

: Wear an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus in addition to standard fire fighting gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Use personal protective equipment.

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.

For additional precautions and advice on safe handling, see section 7.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Make sure that there is a sufficient amount of neutralizing/

absorbent material near the storage area.

The danger areas must be delimited and identified using relevant warning and safety signs.

Treat recovered material as described in the section "Disposal considerations".

For disposal considerations see section 13.

Environmental precautions

Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: Clean-up methods - small spillage

Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local /

national regulations (see section 13). Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable

container for disposal.

Neutralize small spillages with decontaminant.

The compositions of liquid decontaminants are given in

Section 16.

Remove and dispose of residues. Clean-up methods - large spillage If the product is in its solid form:

Spilled MDI flakes should be picked up carefully.

The area should be vacuum cleaned to remove remaining

dust particles completely.

If the product is in its liquid form:

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Leave to react for at least 30 minutes.

Shovel into open-top drums for further decontamination.

Wash the spillage area with water. Test atmosphere for MDI vapour.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to

the workstation location.

Local/Total ventilation

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Advice on safe handling

: For personal protection see section 8.

Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

Do not breathe vapours/dust.

Do not swallow.

Do not get in eyes or mouth or on skin.

Do not get on skin or clothing.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Keep container closed when not in use.

Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Persons susceptible to skin sensitisation problems or asthma,

allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Storage

Conditions for safe storage

: Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-

ventilated place.

Keep in properly labelled containers.

Observe label precautions. Protect from moisture.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Materials to avoid

: Acids Amines Bases Metals water

Further information on storage stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis		
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	CEIL	0.02 ppm 0.2 mg/m3	TW OEL		
	Further infor substance	Further information: Cat. 3, Type 1 designated chemical				
20 4 4 4		TWA	0.005 ppm	ACGIH		
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	128-37-0	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH		

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe

working limits of the selected respirator.

In emergency, non-routine and unknown exposure situations, including confined space entries, a NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied air respirator (SAR) with auxiliary self-contained air

supply, should be used.

Hand protection Remarks

The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves. Protective gloves should be worn when handling freshly made polyurethane products to avoid contact with trace residual materials which may be hazardous in contact with skin.

Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: protective gloves against chemicals and microorganisms. Examples of glove materials that might provide suitable protection include: Butyl rubber, Chlorinated polyethylene, Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol copolymers laminated ("EVAL"), Polychloroprene (Neoprene*), Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"), Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"), Fluoroelastomer (Viton*).

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN374) is recommended.

When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Contaminated gloves should be decontaminated and disposed of.

Notice: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all requisite workplace factors such as, but not limited to: other chemicals that may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), as well as instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Eye protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. Chemical splash goggles.

Always wear eye protection when the potential for inadvertent eye contact with the product cannot be excluded. Please follow all applicable local/national requirements when selecting protective measures for a specific workplace. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Skin and body protection

: Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place. Recommended:

Overall (preferably heavy cotton) or Tyvek-Pro Tech 'C', Tyvek Pro 'F' disposable coverall.

Protective measures

: Personal protective equipment comprising: suitable protective

gloves, safety goggles and protective clothing

The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance

at the specific workplace.

Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place.

Hygiene measures

: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after

handling.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment

before entering eating areas.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling

the product.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

: liquid

Colour

: No data is available on the product itself.

Odour

: No data is available on the product itself.

Odour Threshold

: No data is available on the product itself.

pH

: No data is available on the product itself.

Freezing point

: No data is available on the product itself.

Melting point

No data is available on the product itself.

Boiling point

No data is available on the product itself.

Flash point

: 230 °C

Method: open cup

Evaporation rate

: No data is available on the product itself.

Flammability (solid, gas)

: No data is available on the product itself.

Flammability (liquids)

: No data is available on the product itself.

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

: No data is available on the product itself.

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

: No data is available on the product itself.

Vapour pressure

: No data is available on the product itself,

Relative vapour density

: No data is available on the product itself.

Relative density

: No data is available on the product itself.

Density

: No data is available on the product itself.

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility

: No data is available on the product itself.

Solubility in other solvents

: No data is available on the product itself.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data is available on the product itself.

Auto-ignition temperature

: No data is available on the product itself.

Thermal decomposition

: No data is available on the product itself.

Self-Accelerating

decomposition temperature (SADT)

No data is available on the product itself.

Viscosity

: No data is available on the product itself.

Explosive properties

No data is available on the product itself.

Oxidizing properties

: No data is available on the product itself.

Particle size

: No data is available on the product itself.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Stable under normal conditions.

Reaction with water (moisture) produces CO2-gas.

Exothermic reaction with materials containing active hydrogen

groups.

The reaction becomes progressively more vigorous and can be violent at higher temperatures if the miscibility of the reaction partners is good or is supported by stirring or by the

presence of solvents.

MDI is insoluble with, and heavier than water and sinks to the

bottom but reacts slowly at the interface.

A solid water-insoluble layer of polyurea is formed at the

interface by liberating carbon dioxide gas.

Conditions to avoid

: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods.

Incompatible materials

: Acids Amines

Bases

Metals

water

Hazardous decomposition

products

Combustion products may include: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, hydrocarbons and HCN. In the event of extreme heat (>500 degrees C), aniline is suspected of

being formed.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes

: No data is available on the product itself.

Symptoms of Overexposure

: Severe allergic skin reactions, bronchiospasm and

anaphylactic shock

Acute toxicity

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Acute oral

: LD50 (Rat, male): > 10,000 mg/kg

toxicityComponents

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Acute oral

: LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg

toxicityComponents

Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Acute oral

: LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg

toxicityComponents

Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Acute oral

: LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,930 mg/kg

toxicityComponents

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral

toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity -

Product

Acute toxicity estimate: 1.38 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Acute dermal toxicity

: LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 9,400 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Acute dermal toxicity

: LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 9,400 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Acute dermal toxicity

: LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Acute toxicity (other routes of : No data available

administration)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

4.4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: Irritating to skin.

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-

methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Species: Rabbit Assessment: Irritant

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: Irritating to skin.

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: Irritating to skin.

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species. Rabbit

Assessment: No skin irritation

Result: slight irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Mild eye irritation

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-

methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Mild eye irritation

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Mild eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species: Rabbit

Assessment: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Exposure routes: Skin Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Result: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Exposure routes: Respiratory Tract

Species: Guinea pig

Result: May cause sensitisation by inhalation.

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-

methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Exposure routes: Skin Species: Guinea pig

Result: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Exposure routes: Respiratory Tract

Species. Guinea pig

Result: May cause sensitisation by inhalation.

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Exposure routes: Skin Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Exposure routes: Respiratory Tract

Species: Guinea pig

Result: May cause sensitisation by inhalation.

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol: Exposure routes: Skin Species: Humans

Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Components:

4.4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Assessment:

May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Genotoxicity in vitro

: Concentration: 200 ug/plate

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex, B.13/14

Result: negative

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Genotoxicity in vitro

: Concentration: ca 50 ug/plate

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Genotoxicity in vitro

: Concentration: ca 50 ug/plate

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Genotoxicity in vitro

: Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation

Result: negative

Concentration: 100 - 1000 ug/plate

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Genotoxicity in vivo

: Application Route: Inhalation Exposure time: 3 Weeks

Dose: 118 mg/m3

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Genotoxicity in vivo

: Application Route: Inhalation Exposure time: 3 Weeks

Dose: 118 mg/m3

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Genotoxicity in vivo

: Application Route: Inhalation Exposure time: 3 Weeks

Dose: 118 mg/m3

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Genotoxicity in vivo

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Dose: 75 mg/kg Result: negative

Application Route: Oral Exposure time: 9 Months Dose: ca 750 mg/kg Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Rats have been exposed for two years to a respirable aerosol of polymeric MDI which resulted in a chronic pulmonary irritation at high concentrations. Only at the top level (6 mg/m3), there was a significant incidence of a benign tumour of the lung (adenoma) and one malignant tumour (adenocarcinoma). There were no lung tumours at 1 mg/m3 and no effects at 0.2 mg/m3. Overall, the tumour incidence, both benign and malignant, and the number of animals with the tumours were not different from controls. The increased incidence of lung tumours is associated with prolonged respiratory irritation and the concurrent accumulation of yellow material in the lung, which occurred throughout the study. In the absence of prolonged exposure to high concentrations leading to chronic irritation and lung damage, it is highly unlikely that tumour formation will occur.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment

: No data available

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Effects on fertility

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral Result: negative

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Effects on foetal development

: Species: Rat, female

Application Route: Inhalation

General Toxicity Maternal: No observed adverse effect level: 4

mg/m³

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 Result: No teratogenic effects

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzenel:

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Inhalation Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 Result: No teratogenic effects

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Inhalation Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 Result: No teratogenic effects

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: No observed adverse effect level:

100 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

: No data available

STOT - single exposure

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Exposure routes: Inhalation Target Organs: Respiratory Tract

Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-

methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Exposure routes: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Target Organs: Respiratory system

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single

exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation.

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Exposure routes: Inhalation Target Organs: Respiratory Tract

Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Species: Rat, male and female

NOEC: 0.2 mg/m3 Exposure time: 2 yr Number of exposures: 5 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-

methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Species: Rat, male and female

NOEC: 0.2 mg/m3

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Exposure time: 2 yr Number of exposures: 5 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Species: Rat, male and female

NOEC: < 4 mg/m3

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Exposure time: 2,160 h

Number of exposures: 5 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 413

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Species: Rat, male and female

NOEC: 0.2 mg/m3

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Exposure time: 2 yr Number of exposures: 5 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Species: Rat, male and female

NOAEL: 25 mg/kg/d

Application Route: Ingestion Method: Chronic toxicity

Repeated dose toxicity -

: No data available

Assessment

Aspiration toxicity

No data available

Experience with human exposure

General Information:

No data available

Inhalation:

No data available

Skin contact:

No data available

Eye contact:

No data available

Ingestion:

No data available

Toxicology, Metabolism, Distribution

No data available

Neurological effects

No data available

Further information

Ingestion:

No data available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-

methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)); > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-

methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h Test Type: static test

Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Fresh water

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.61 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Components:

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Toxicity to algae

: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1,640

ma/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Toxicity to algae

: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1,640

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

2.6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Toxicity to algae

: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 0.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.3.

Components:

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

M-Factor (Acute aquatic

: 1

toxicity)

Components:

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

: GLP: no

toxicity)

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

: LC0 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): >= 0.57 mg/l Exposure time: 96 hrs

toxicity)

Test Type: semi-static test

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.1.

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Toxicity to daphnia and other : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 10 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates

Exposure time: 21 d

(Chronic toxicity)

Test Type: semi-static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Toxicity to daphnia and other : NOEC (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): >= 10 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates

Exposure time: 21 d

(Chronic toxicity)

Test Type: semi-static test

Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

aquatic invertebrates

(Chronic toxicity)

Toxicity to daphnia and other : NOEC (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): >= 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: semi-static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

(Chronic toxicity)

: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.32 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

EC0 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 0.31 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 hrs Test Type: static test

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.2.

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.23 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 hrs Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.316 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: No data available

Components:

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Toxicity to microorganisms

: EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

4.4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Toxicity to microorganisms

: EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Toxicity to microorganisms

: IC50 (activated sludge): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 0.5 h

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.11

: EC50 (activated sludge): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: static test

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex, B.15

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Toxicity to soil dwelling

: NOEC (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): >= 1,000 mg/kg

organisms

Exposure time: 336 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Toxicity to soil dwelling

: EC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 1,000 mg/kg

organisms

Exposure time: 336 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Toxicity to soil dwelling

: EC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 1,000 mg/kg

organisms

Exposure time: 336 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

Plant toxicity

: No data available

Sediment toxicity

: No data available

Toxicity to terrestrial

: No data available

organisms

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity

: No data available

Chronic aquatic toxicity

: No data available

Toxicity Data on Soil

: No data available

Other organisms relevant to

: No data available

the environment

Persistence and degradability

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Biodegradability

: Inoculum: Domestic sewage

Concentration: 30 mg/l Result: Not biodegradable Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: Inherent Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II)

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Biodegradability

: Inoculum: Domestic sewage Concentration: 30 mg/l

Result: Not biodegradable Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: Inherent Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II)

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Biodegradability : Inoculum: Domestic sewage

Concentration: 30 mg/l
Result: Not biodegradable
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d

Method: Inherent Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II)

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Biodegradability : Inoculum: activated sludge

Result: Inherently biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 5.2 % Exposure time: 112 d

Biochemical Oxygen

Demand (BOD)

: No data available

Chemical Oxygen Demand

(COD)

: No data available

BOD/COD : No data available

ThOD : No data available

BOD/ThOD : No data available

Dissolved organic carbon

(DOC)

: No data available

Physico-chemical

removability

: No data available

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Stability in water : Degradation half life(DT50): 20 hrs (25 °C)

Remarks: Fresh water

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-

methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Stability in water : Method: No information available.

GLP: ves

Remarks: see user defined free text

Photodegradation : No data available

Impact on Sewage

Treatment

: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 200 Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-

methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 200

Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 200 Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 330 - 1,800

Exposure time: 28 d Method: flow-through test

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 4.51 (20 °C)

octanol/water pH: 7

Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1), polymer with 1,1'-

methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene]:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 8.56 (20 °C)

octanol/water

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 8.56 (20 °C)

octanol/water

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 5.1

octanol/water

Mobility in soil

Mobility : No data available

Components:

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

Distribution among : Koc: 8183

environmental compartments

Stability in soil : No data available

Other adverse effects

Environmental fate and : No data available

pathways

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: No data available

Endocrine disrupting

potential

: No data available

Adsorbed organic bound

halogens (AOX)

: No data available

Hazardous to the ozone layer

Ozone-Depletion Potential

Not applicable

Additional ecological

information - Product

Global warming potential

(GWP)

: No data available

: No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues

: Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging

: Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user

Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National regulatory information

Regulations on Labelling and Hazard Communication of Hazardous Chemicals

Regulations on Occupational Safety and Health Facilities

Standards for the Storage, Cleanup, Handling and Disposal of Industrial Waste

Standards of Permissible Exposure Limits in Workplace

Public Hazardous Materials and Flammable Pressurized Gases Establishment Standards and

Safety Control Regulations: Quantity subject to control

Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

CH INV

: The formulation contains substances listed on the Swiss

Inventory

DSL

: All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

AICS

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC

: Not in compliance with the inventory

ENCS

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

KECI

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

PICCS

: Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TCSI

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Inventories

AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), IECSC (China), REACH (European Union), ENCS (Japan), ISHL (Japan), KECI (Korea), NZIoC (New Zealand), PICCS (Philippines), TCSI (Taiwan), TSCA (USA)

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Revision Date

: 2018/01/09

Name of organization that

: Huntsman (Taiwan) Ltd.

prepared the SDS

Address and phone number of organization that prepared : No. 19, Gongye 3rd Rd., Guanyin Dist., Taoyuan City, 32853 Taiwan, R. O. C

the SDS

(03) 483-8616

Title of person who prepared

the SDS

Other information

: Manager, Jennifer Tsang

: Liquid decontaminants (percentages by weight or volume) : Decontaminant 1: *- sodium carbonate: 5 - 10 % *- liquid detergent: 0.2 - 2 % *- water: to make up to 100 %

Decontaminant 2: *- concentrated ammonia solution: 3 - 8 %

*- liquid detergent : 0.2 - 2 % *- water : to make up to 100 % Decontaminant 1 reacts slower with diisocyanates but is more

environmentally friendly than decontaminant 2,

Decontaminant 2 contains ammonia. Ammonia presents health hazards. (See supplier safety information.)

Date format

: yyyy/mm/dd

ACGIH

: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

TW OEL

Standards of Permissible Exposure Limits in Workplace

ACGIH / TWA TW OEL / CEIL 8-hour, time-weighted averageCeiling Permissible Density

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