



VERTICAL WALLS IN URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE

Date 14 June, 2022

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WEBINAR AGENDA

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- 5' Introduction*
- 20' MacRes System: applications and solution features*
- 15' Design method and installation process*

Live Q&A Session

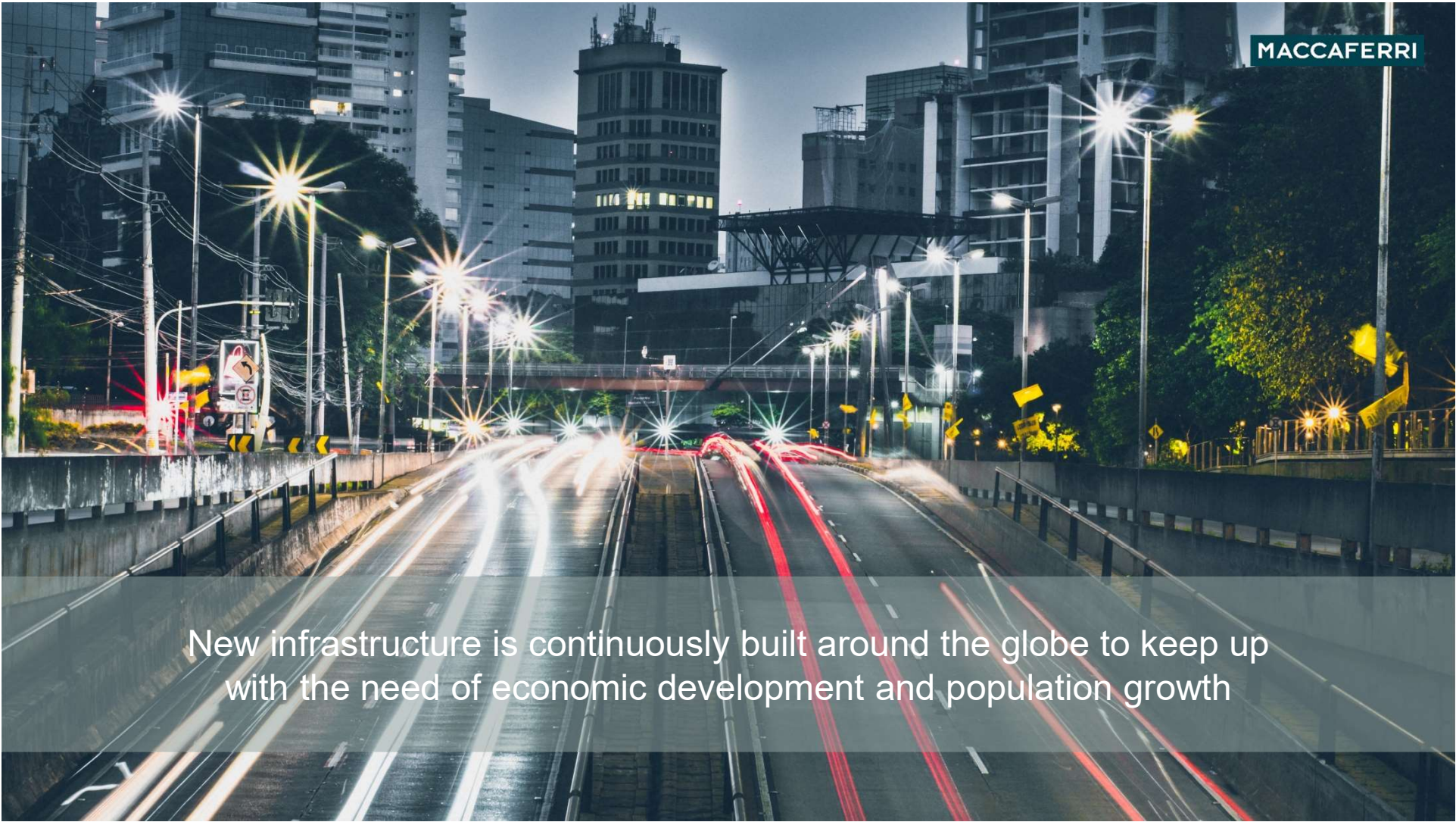
Speaker

G. Lugli – Group Business Development GSY Unit

An aerial photograph of a dense urban landscape, likely New York City, showing a multitude of skyscrapers and buildings of various architectural styles. The image is used as a background for a presentation slide.

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Over the last few decades, the world has been urbanizing rapidly

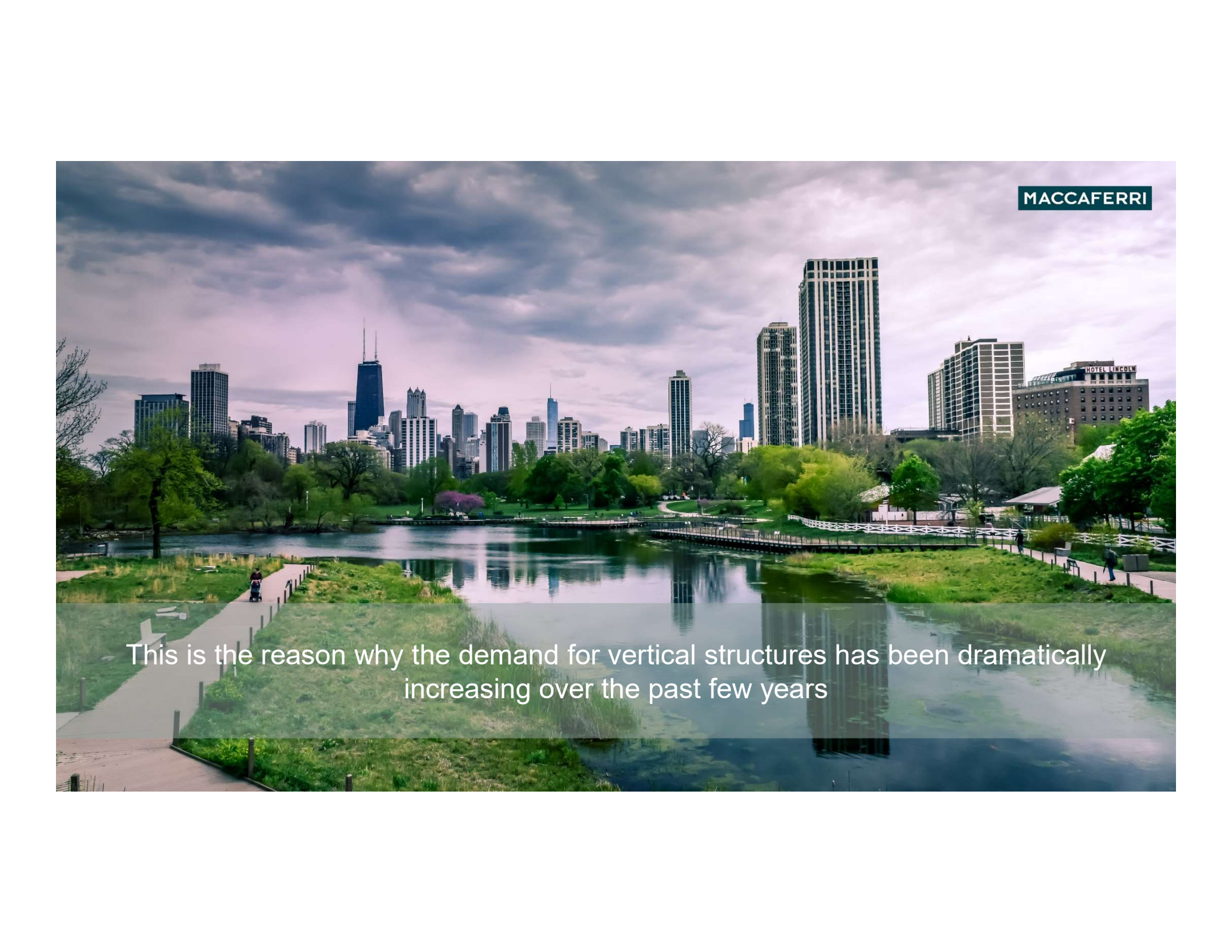


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New infrastructure is continuously built around the globe to keep up with the need of economic development and population growth

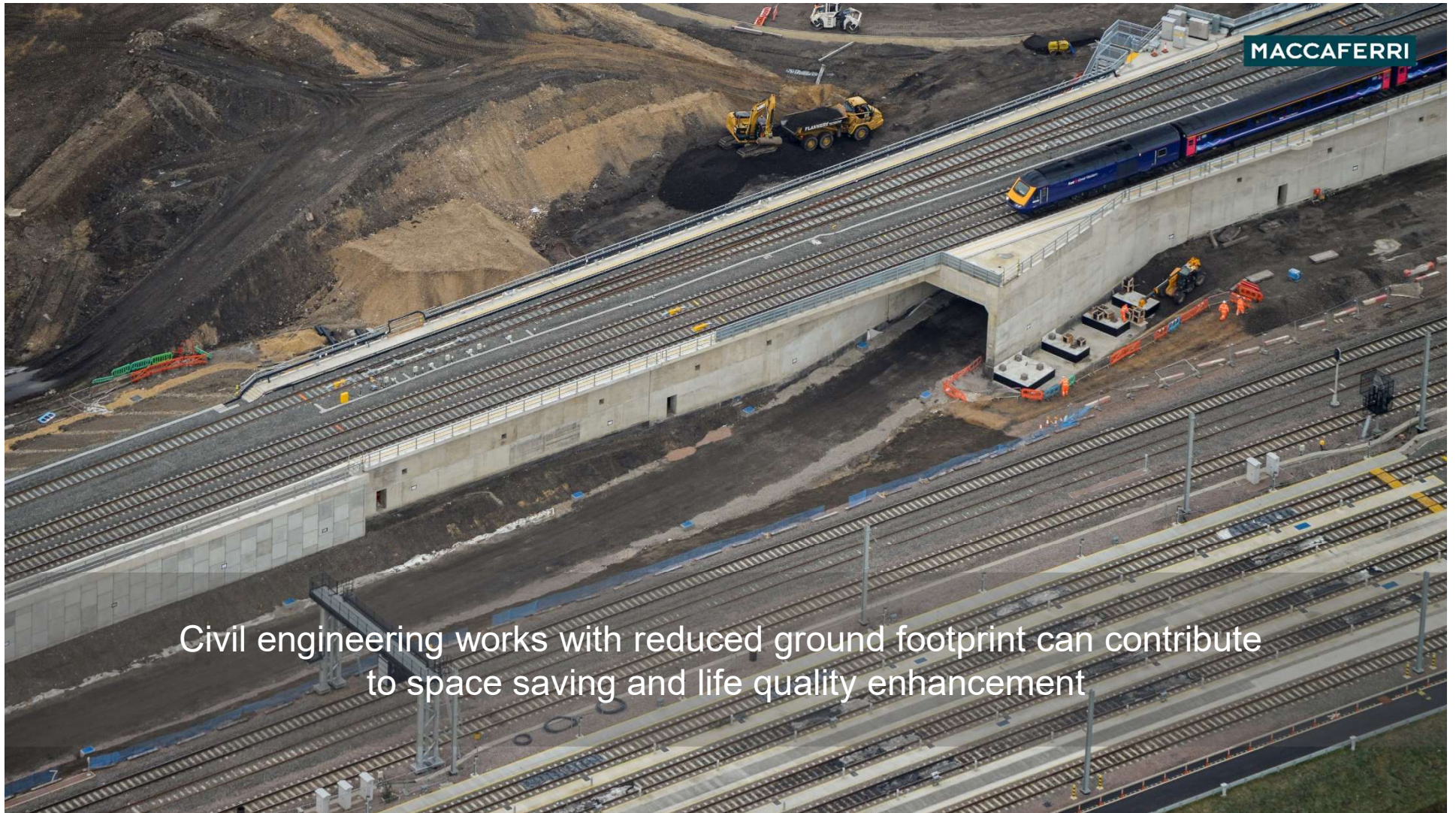
In the urban environment, space is a key resource
that is becoming more and more limited



A wide-angle photograph of a city skyline, likely Chicago, viewed from across a body of water. The skyline features several prominent skyscrapers, including the Willis Tower. In the foreground, there is a paved path with a railing, a grassy area, and a small body of water. The sky is overcast with grey clouds. The overall scene is a blend of urban architecture and natural landscape.

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This is the reason why the demand for vertical structures has been dramatically increasing over the past few years



MACCAFERRI

Civil engineering works with reduced ground footprint can contribute to space saving and life quality enhancement

WHO WE ARE

Maccaferri at a glance

MACCAFERRI



Sales in **100+** countries



Revenues ~ **500 M€**



3,000+ employees



23 factories



60+ subsidiaries

RETAINING WALLS

MACCAFERRI

We have a long-standing history and technical experience in the research, design and development of **retaining wall solutions**.

M MASS GRAVITY WALL

M REINFORCED FILL STRUCTURES

- Vertical rock faced
- Inclined rock faced
- Vegetated Faced
- Vertical Concrete Panels



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- Vegetated Faced
- Vertical Concrete Facing with blocks for segmental walls



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- Vertical Concrete Facing with Panels



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APPLICATIONS

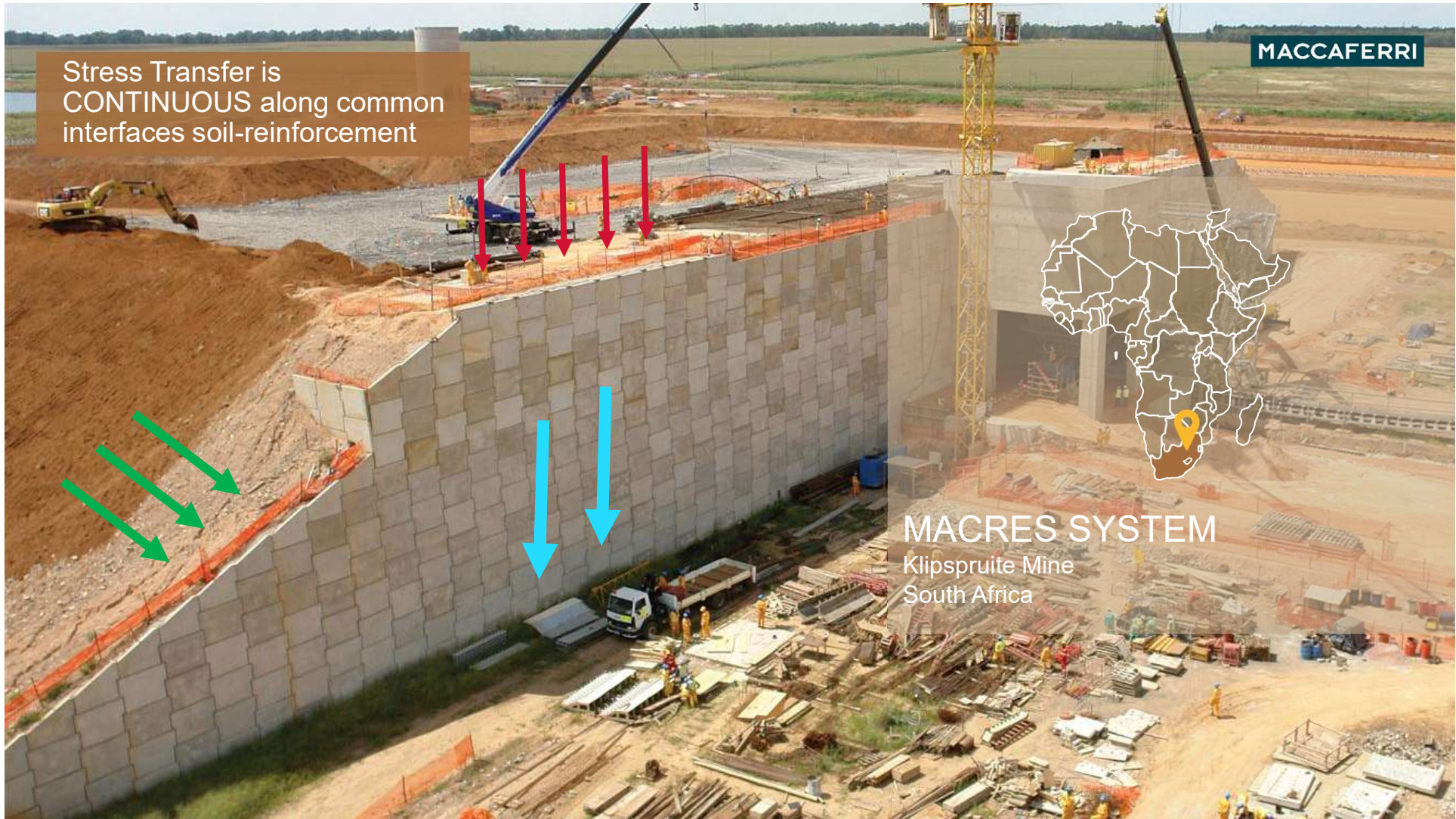


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MACRES SYSTEM

South Ring Road
Sofia, Bulgaria



Stress Transfer is
CONTINUOUS along common
interfaces soil-reinforcement

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MACRES SYSTEM

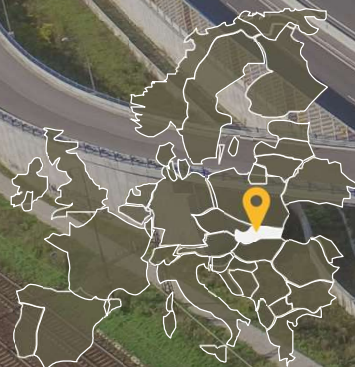
Klipspruite Mine
South Africa

INFRASTRUCTURE IN LIMITED SPACE

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MACRES SYSTEM

D1 Dubna Skala
Slovakia



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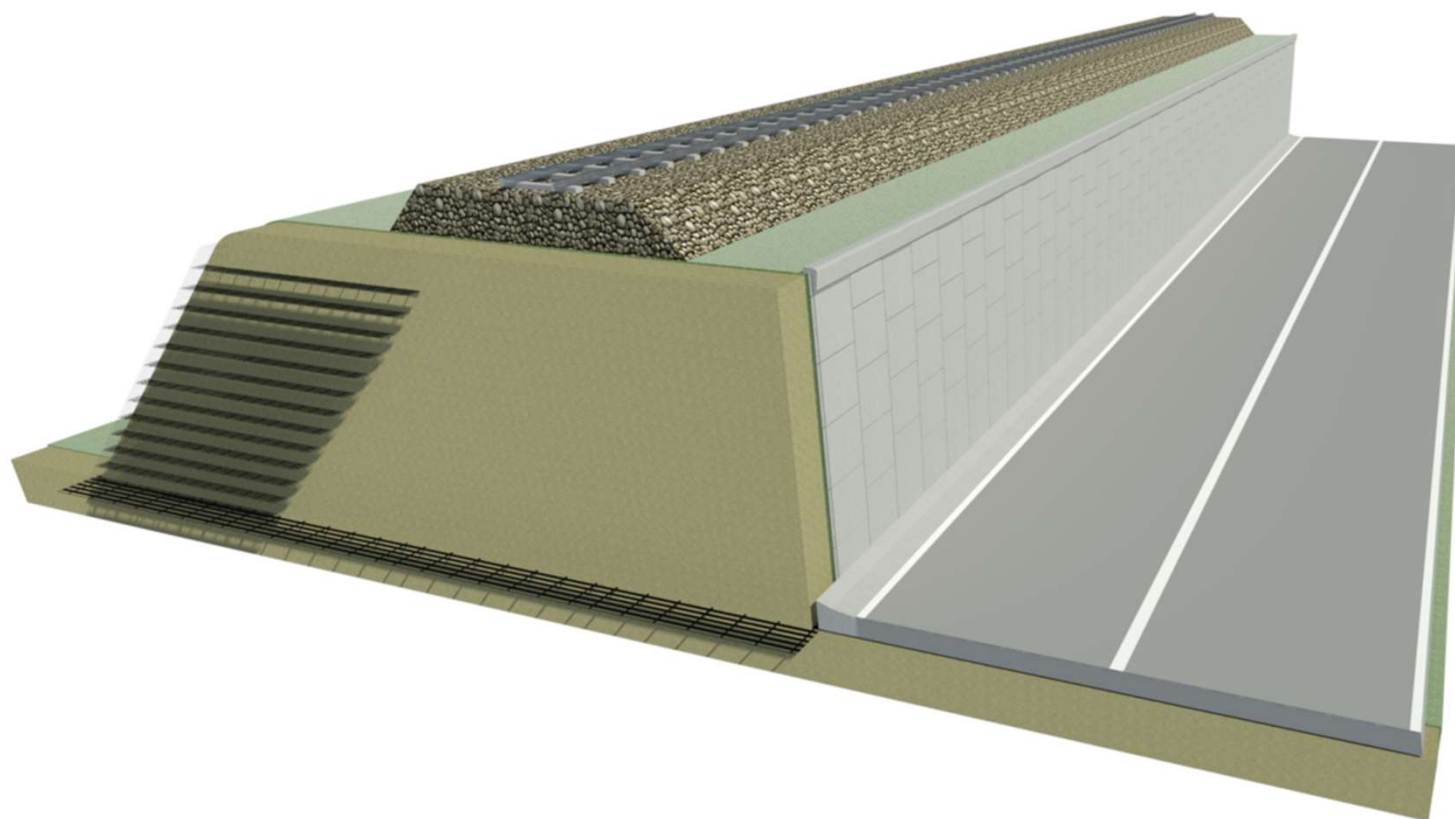


MACRES SYSTEM

D3 Svrčinovec
Skalité, Slovakia

RAILWAY RELATED STRUCTURES

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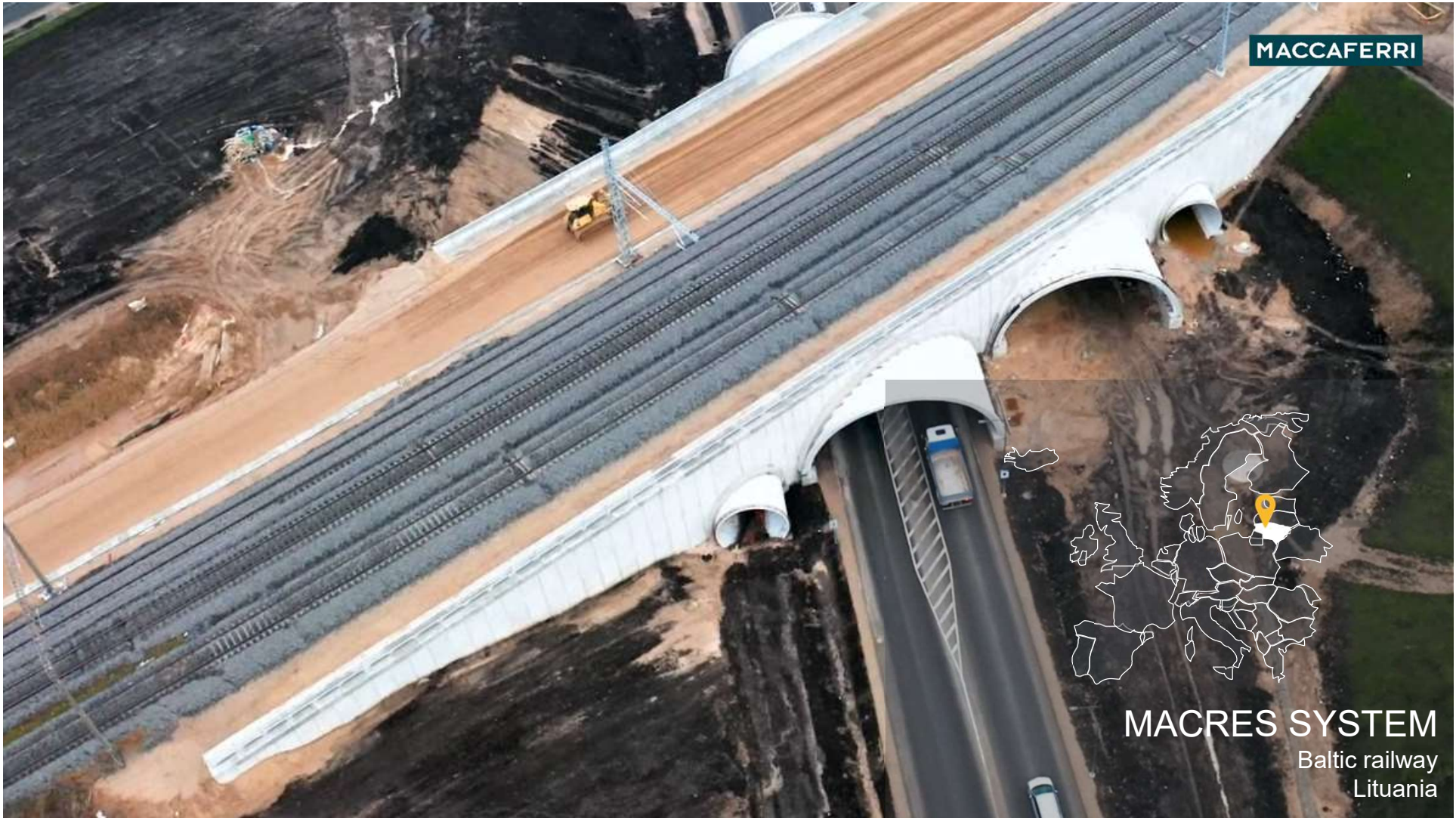


MACRES SYSTEM
Arluno, Italy

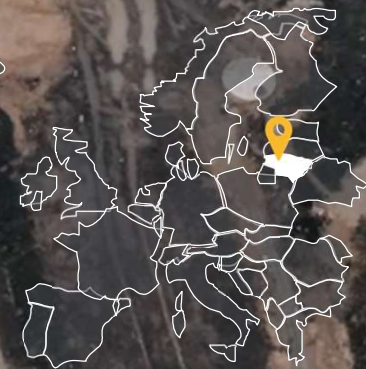


MACRES SYSTEM

Supporting railway
Reading, UK



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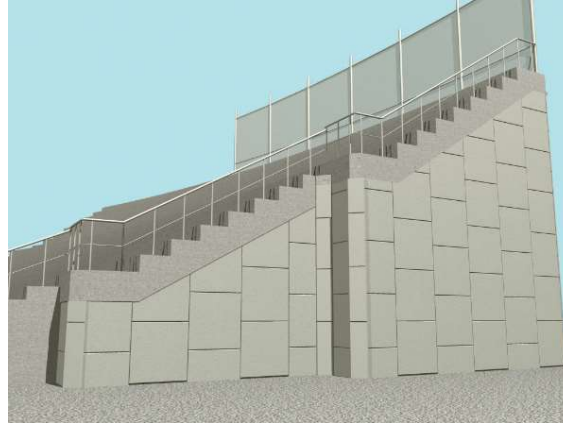


MACRES SYSTEM
Baltic railway
Lithuania

OTHER TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

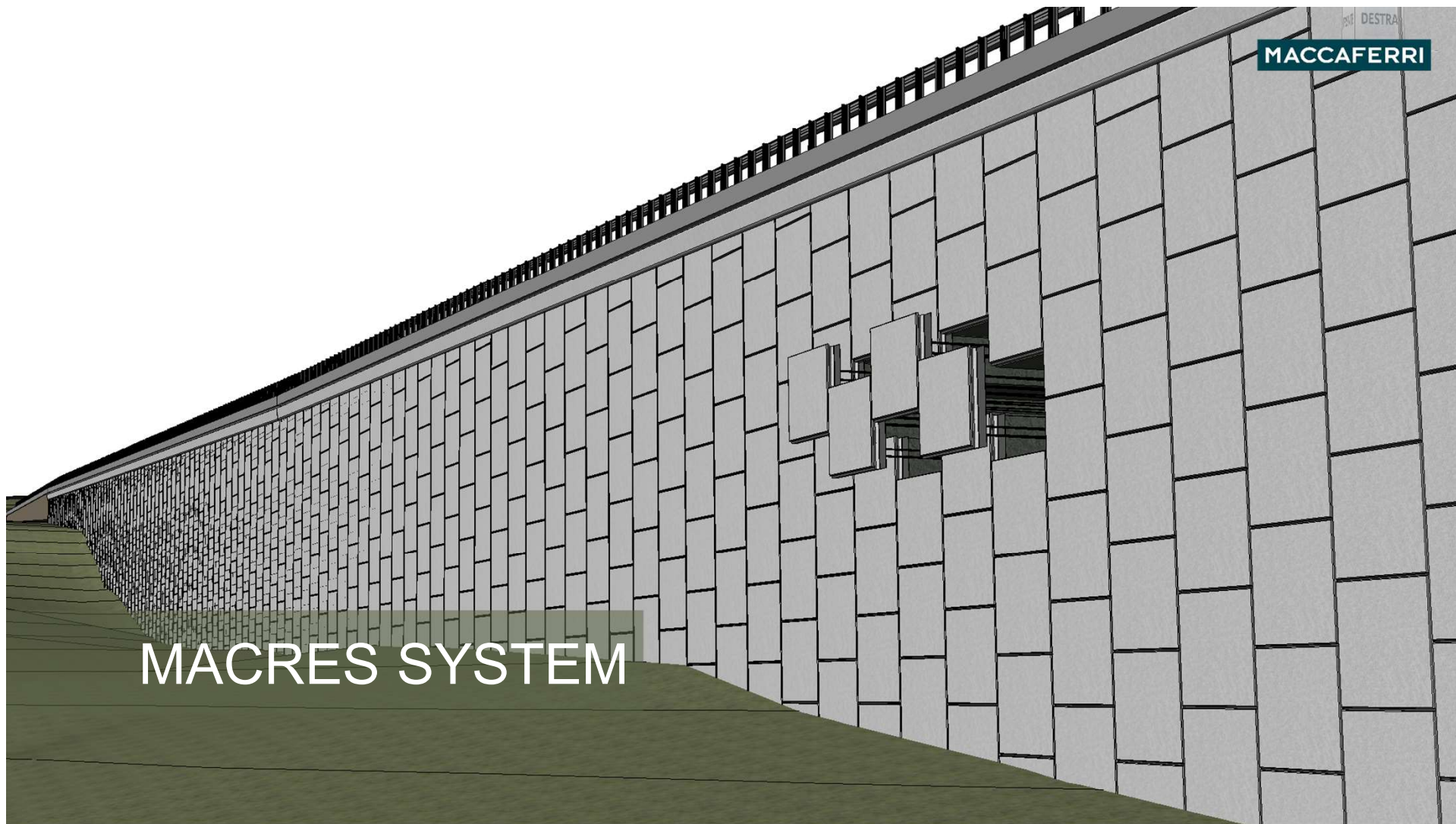
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Other MacRes typical applications include:
culvert walls, tunnel portals and approaches, flood walls,
waterfront structures, retaining walls for mining sector, etc.



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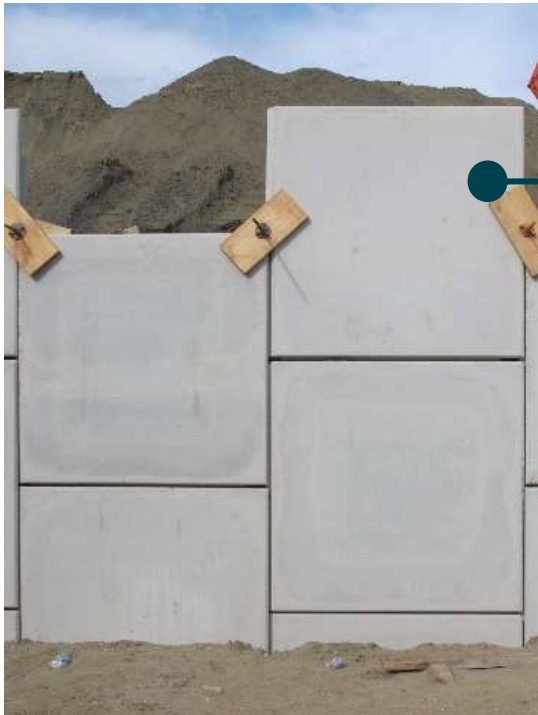
MACRES SYSTEM



MACRES SYSTEM

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Behind the wall



CONCRETE PANEL

Concrete type ***depends on project specifications***, but minimum requirements are:

- M** Class XF1 and XC4 (according to EN 206 or equivalent, resistant to rainwater and de-icing salts)
- M** Minimum compressive strength R_{ck} at 28 days, >37 Mpa
- M** Geometric tolerances and finishing shall meet EN13369
- M** Minimum panel thickness is 14cm

MACRES SYSTEM

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Behind the wall



CONCRETE PANEL (VARIANTS)

Several panels' geometries are available to meet finished elevation requirements

Corner elements are needed when bend ray is less than the one allowable by panels

The **top-course panel** can be capped with a precast coping to expedite the installation.

Panels can be also customized according to clients needs and on-site obstructions

MACRES SYSTEM

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Behind the wall



PARAWEB POLYMERIC STRIPS

Paraweb PET strips with LLDPE coating

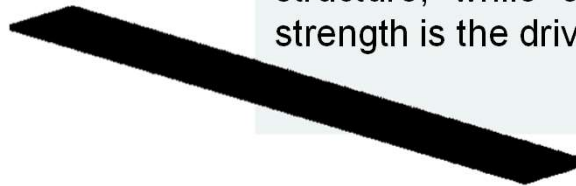
Several strip types available to optimize the design – Paraweb M & 2

What is the difference?

Same materials but different thickness and width.

Why wider strips are needed?

Because the pullout is the critical failure mode for the first top layers of the MSE structure, while at the bottom, the tensile strength is the driven force.



MACRES SYSTEM

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Behind the wall



GEOTEXTILE

- M** Geotextile strips shall cover the horizontal and vertical joints between panels
- M** The Nonwoven Geotextile shall meet the requirements for filtration applications as per national Standards and may vary according to the project specific requirements
- M** The purpose of the geotextile strip is to prevent the migration of fines from the reinforced wall fill
- M** Alternatively, GDC can be used allowing free drainage of the backfill.



MACRES SYSTEM

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Behind the wall

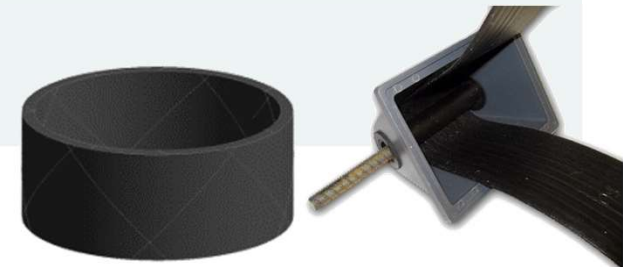


MACLOOP / MACBOX

MacLoop: loop made of paraweb strips, protected by a polymeric saddle for ease of installation.

MacBox: the insert is secured by a steel rebar embedded in the panel and protected by a polymeric sleeve

The strength of both connections has been determined through independent connection/pullout testing program



MACRES SYSTEM

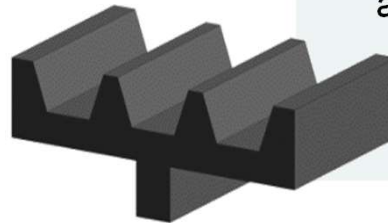
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Behind the wall



EPDM PAD

- M** Bearing pads are preformed EPDM rubber pads typically 2 cm thick
- M** Thickness, dimensions and stiffness is supported by laboratory testing and by design computations
- M** The purpose of the pad is to avoid concrete to concrete contact and to accommodate panels settlements



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MACRES SYSTEM
Antwerp, Belgium

PARAWEB

PARAWEB

MACCAFERRI

Geostrip reinforcement

Paraweb™ PET strips
with LLDPE coating

Rough surface which
develops excellent
friction

Resistant to corrosion

Several strip types
available to optimize
the design

Durability tested up to
120 years

Easy to be treated on
site and ease of
shipment

International
Certifications and
Worldwide Experience

Flexible and
adaptable installation



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Corrosion of the wall reinforcement can
ultimately lead to **failure of the structure**

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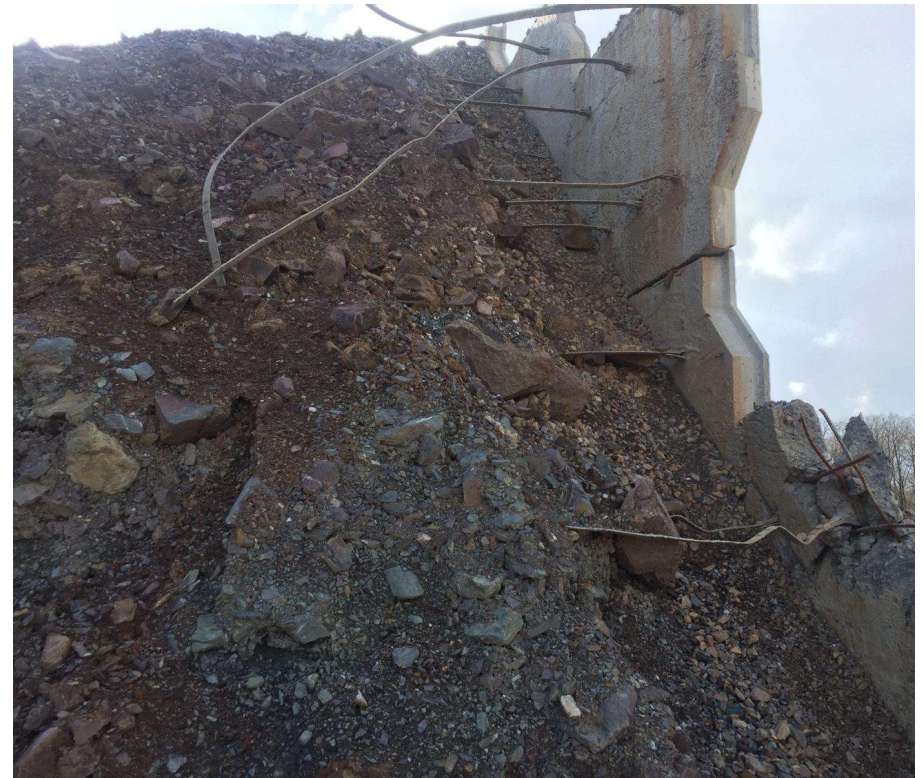
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BRITISH STANDARD

BS 8006-1:2010+A1:2016

Section 4: Testing for design purposes

4.1 General

An objective of this code is to permit a wide range of choice of fill and soil reinforcement, and in some cases the fill, will be time dependent. It is essential that the design engineer has knowledge of how these properties change with time so that these can be matched with any selected design life. Examples of service lives are given in Table 7. It should be borne in mind that reinforced soil comprises three component parts:
a) fill;
b) soil reinforcement; and
c) facing, except for reinforced soil foundations and some slopes.
Design parameters should be defined for each of these components. This section should be followed to define the available test methods to establish basic design strengths for fill/soil and reinforcements. It should be noted that no consideration is given to the materials used in facing units, as adequate specifications for both materials and test methods exist for concrete, reinforced concrete, metal and timber facing units. Soft faces may usually be formed of geotextile or geogrid sheets; specifications and test methods are as for reinforcements.

Table 7 Examples of E design working life

Design working life category (BS EN 1990:2002+A1)	Category	Typical E design working life years	Example
1	Temporary works	1 to 5	Contractors site structures Piling platforms
1	Short term	5 to 10	Contractors site structures Basal reinforced platforms for settlement control or in association with ground improvement
3/4	Industrial	10 to 50	Structures at mines
4/5	Long term	60	Marine structures in accordance with BS 5593 Highway embankments Railway embankments (NR/SPO/071 (17)) Basal reinforcement in association with Piles or other supports under embankments
5	Long term	120	Highway and railway retaining walls and highway structures and bridge abutments Basal reinforcement in association with piles or other supports under retaining walls and structures

Void spanning depending upon application and reason for use, may fall in any one of these categories, see Section 8.

5

Long term

120

Highway and railway retaining walls and highway structures and bridge abutments
Basal reinforcement in association with piles or other supports under retaining walls and structures

Tested according to
ISO/TR 20432
Guidelines for the
determination of the long-
term strength of
geosynthetics for soil
reinforcement.

Design life up to 120
years, as per BS 8006
requirements

PARAWEB

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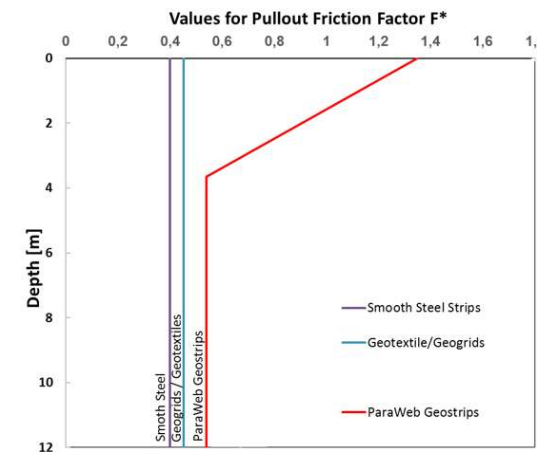
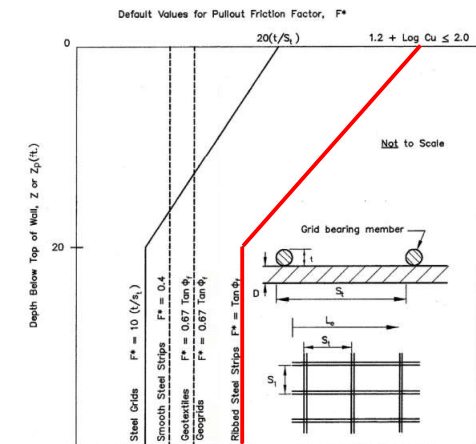
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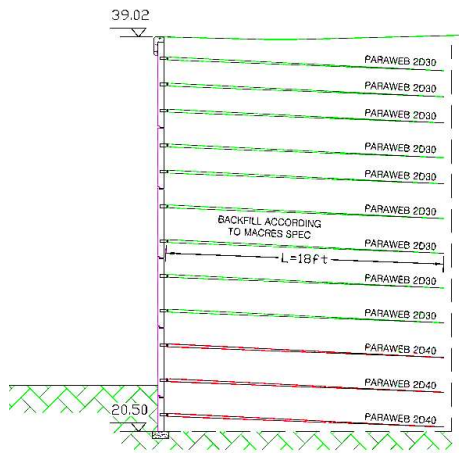
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PARAWEB® 2 GEOSYNTHETICS REINFORCEMENT STRIPS

Description
ParaWeb® strips are p...
sheath. The strips are:

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES
Ultimate Tensile Strength
Strain at UTS (EN ISO 10319)

PARAWEB® M GEOSYNTHETICS REINFORCEMENT STRIPS

Description
ParaWeb® strips are planar structures consisting of a core of high tenacity polyester yarn tendons encased in a polyethylene sheath. The strips are suitable for reinforcement applications in combination with concrete wall facing panels.

PARAWEB ME		27	36	45	54	63	
MECHANICAL PROPERTIES							
Ultimate Tensile Strength (EN ISO 10319)	kN	27.4	36.2	45.2	54.3	63.3	1
Strain at UTS (EN ISO 10319)	%	9.5					

PARAWEB

MACCAFERRI

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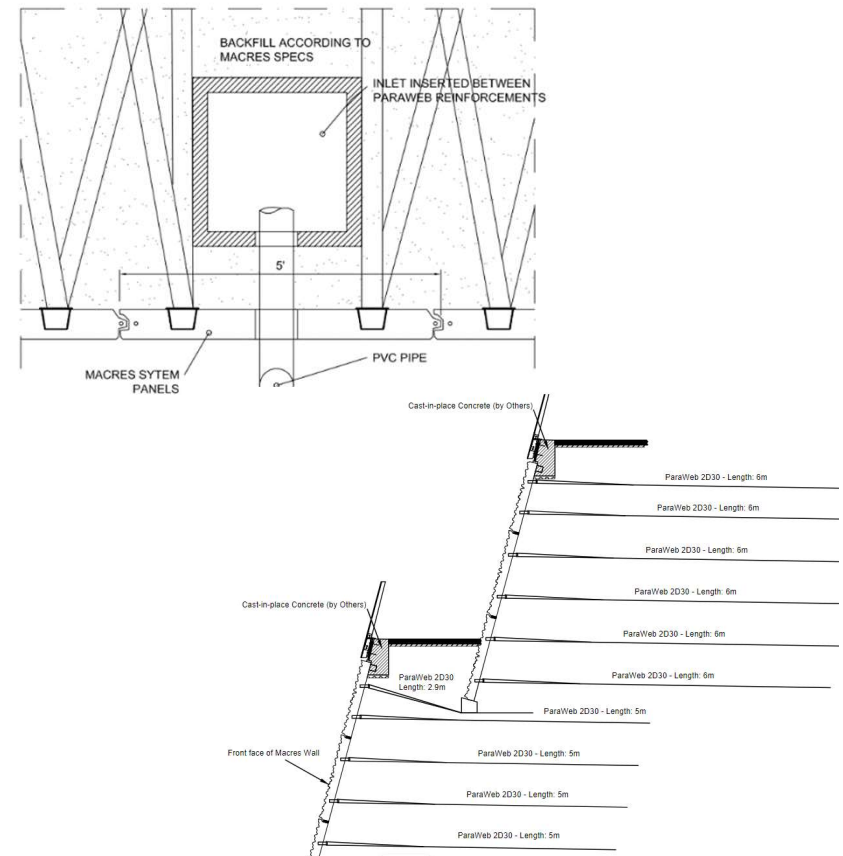
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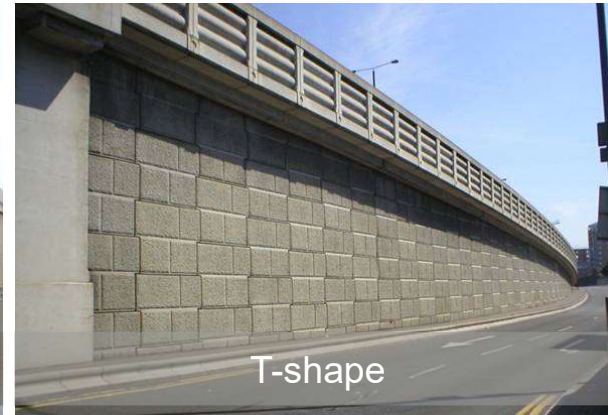
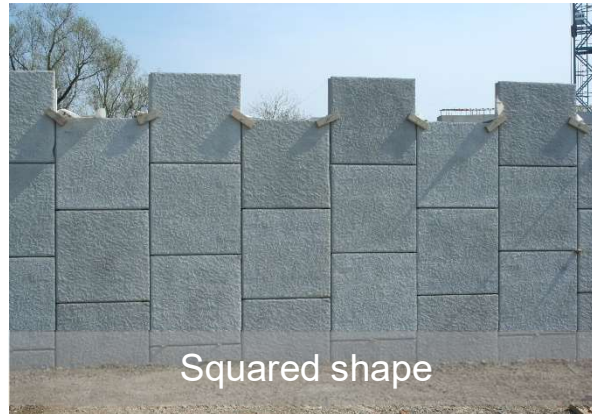
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SHAPE TYPES

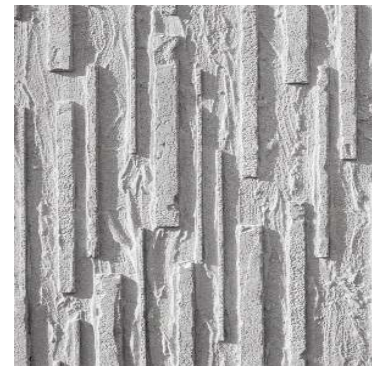
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FINISHING TYPES

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- M** Concrete surface finish can vary upon client request and project specifications
- M** Molds are designed to allow for installation of polymeric formliners or real stones placed at the bottom of the mold
- M** Also, concrete colour and texture upon request



FINISHING TYPES

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Brug van den Azijn



FINISHING TYPES

MACCAFERRI

Painted vertical wall in France



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DESIGN METHOD



DESIGN METHOD: WHAT DO WE NEED TO KNOW?

MACCAFERRI

Ground

Aesthetic

Groundwater

Durability and
maintenance

Construction
requirements

Row

Environmental
concerns

Boundary Conditions



DESIGN METHOD: WHAT DO WE NEED TO KNOW?

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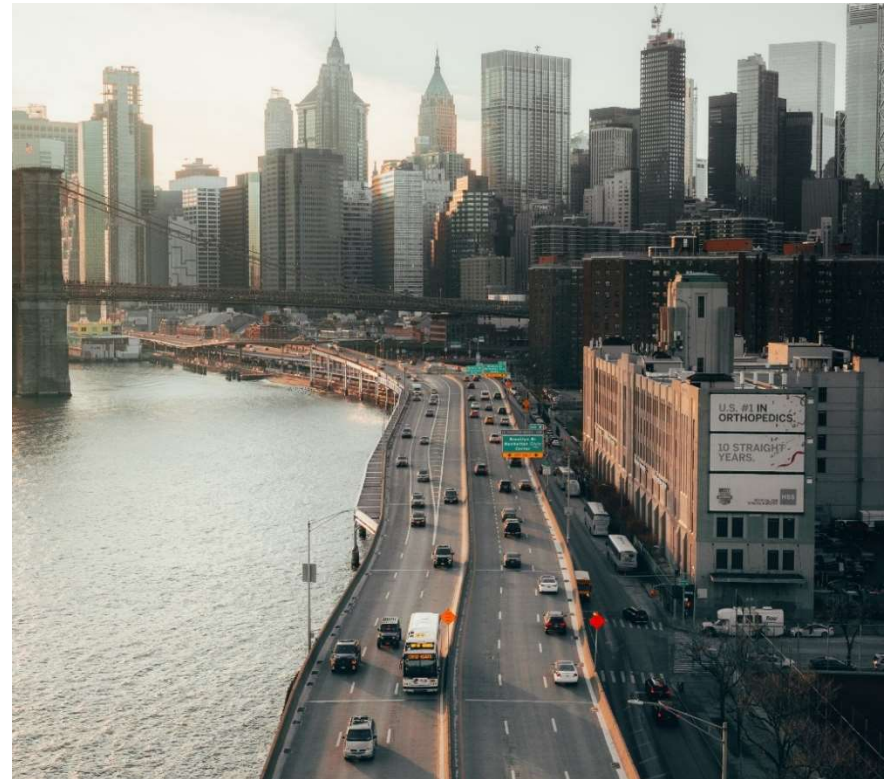
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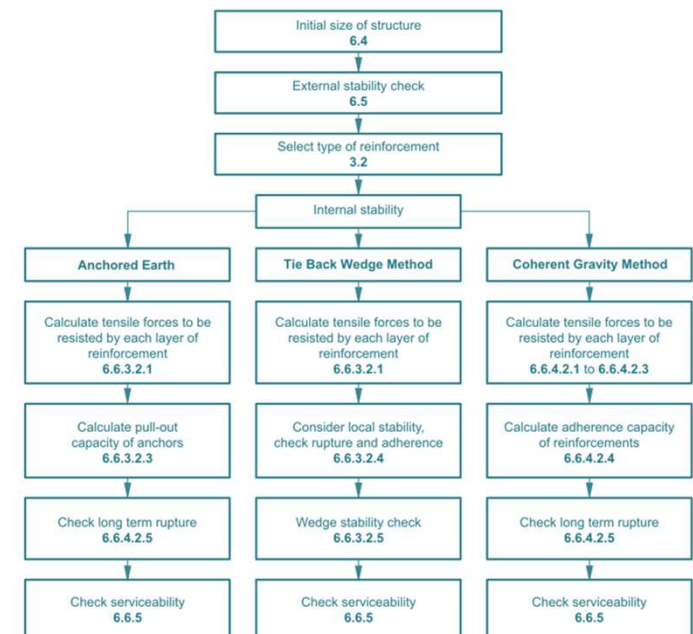
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DESIGN METHOD

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The design load is sustained by the long-term design strength LTDS ($T_{al} = T_d$) of the reinforcement, which is calculated considering the appropriate RFs for creep, installation damage and durability

$$T_{al} = T_{ult} / (RF_{cr} \times RF_{id} \times RF_d)$$

DESIGN SOFTWARE

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Start New Design
(Save the file before you start new design)

Help?

General Details

Geometric Input

Surcharge/Loading

Geotechnical Input

Struct. Type & Location

Reinforcement Input

External Stability

Internal Sta. - Rupture

Today?

Next

MACRES 2.0 v2.02

Project Name	
Project Number	
Revision	
Date	
Client	
Code	BS 8006 : 2010
Panel Type	MacRes Square
Reinforcement	Polymeric

PROGRAM MANAGER

Select DESIGN or ANALYSIS

-- DESIGN MODE --

-- ANALYSIS MODE --

Performance: Specify target values

Performance: Acceptable reference values

Method :
AASHTO 96 / Demo 82 (ASD)
AASHTO 2002 / NHI-043 (ASD)
NCMA - 1997
AASHTO 2007-2010 (LRFD)

Geometry :
Simple
Complex

Reinforcement :
Geogrid
Geotextile
Metal Mat
Metal Strip

Facia :
Wrap Around
Full Height Precast
Segmental Panels
Modular Blocks

Version :
Western
Asian Pacific

Results of Analysis -- LRFD Procedure

Soils Loads Seismicity K_s K_{ad} K_{ad}

LRFD data

CDR NOTE

Bearing Capacity

Direct sliding

Eccentricity

Strength

Connection

Pullout

15.00

Bearing capacity : CDR 3.12 (Based on length of bottom layer)
Foundation interface: CDR-direct sliding 1.292 e/L = 0.2273
X = N/A
Y = N/A

Modif Reinforcement Input

LAYER #	Geogrid			Connection Strength			Results of Analysis			
	Elevation [ft]	Length [ft]	Type	CDR (pullout criterion)	CDR (break criterion)	CDR (geogrid strength)	Geogrid Strength, CDR	Pullout resistance, CDR	Direct sliding, CDR	Eccentricity, e/L
2	3.89	11.00	2	N/A	1.83	1.49	1.489	1.653	1.885	0.1426
3	6.15	11.00	2	N/A	1.98	1.81	1.809	1.426	2.228	0.0966
4	8.61	11.00	1	N/A	2.52	2.30	2.304	1.664	2.723	0.0589
5	11.07	11.00	1	N/A	3.47	3.17	3.173	1.349	3.502	0.0296
6	13.53	11.00	1	N/A	5.22	4.78	4.783	1.025	4.906	0.0086

Invoke Global Stability
Compound / Global Results

Save as Text
Save as Bitmap

Call Paint-Brush
Create .sur File

Ideal value per layer :
Full on R_c
Global efficiency

Deviation

Export to ReSSA

Seismic results
Static results

RETURN

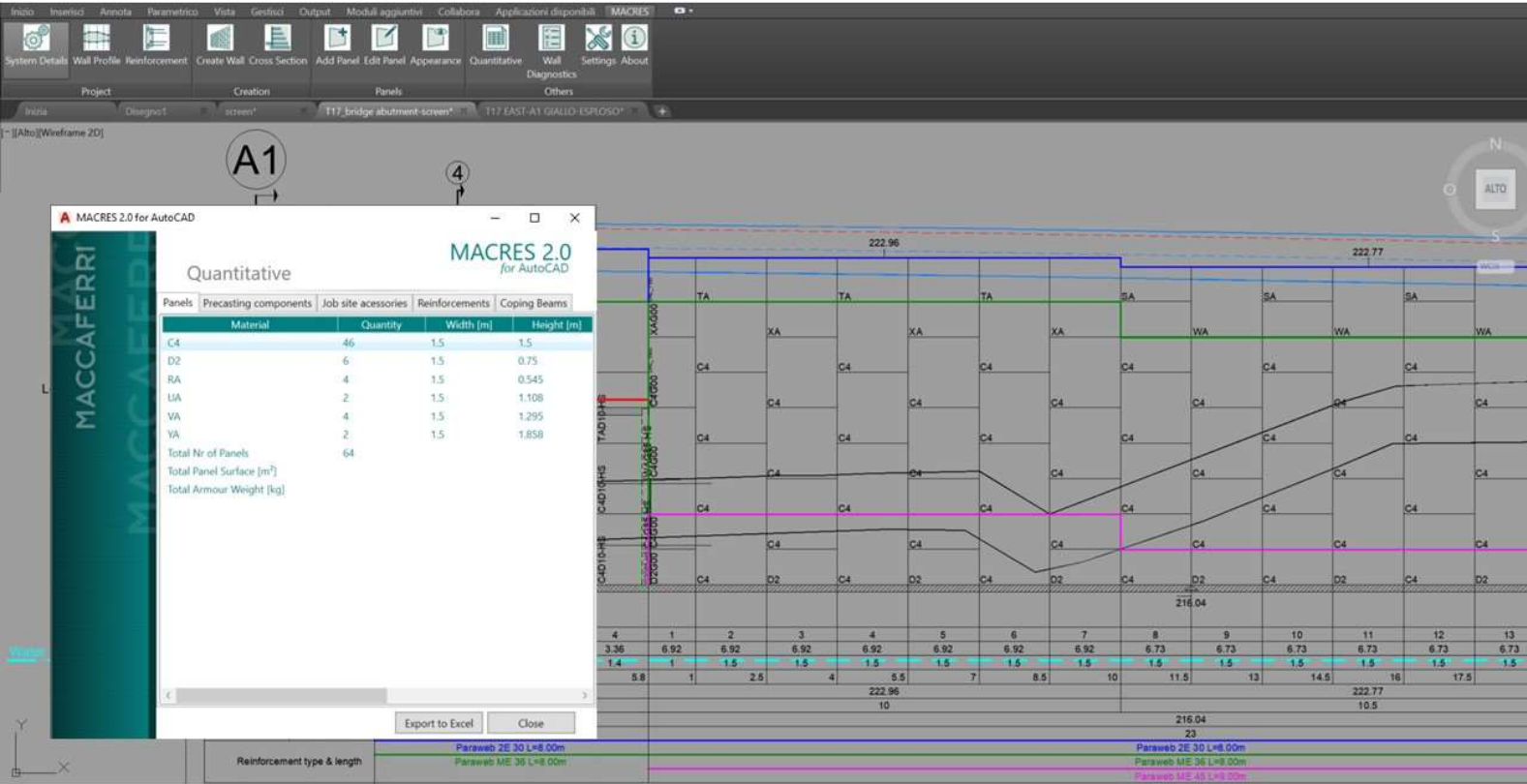
DESIGN – MacRes v 2.0

MSEW

GRAPHIC SOFTWARE

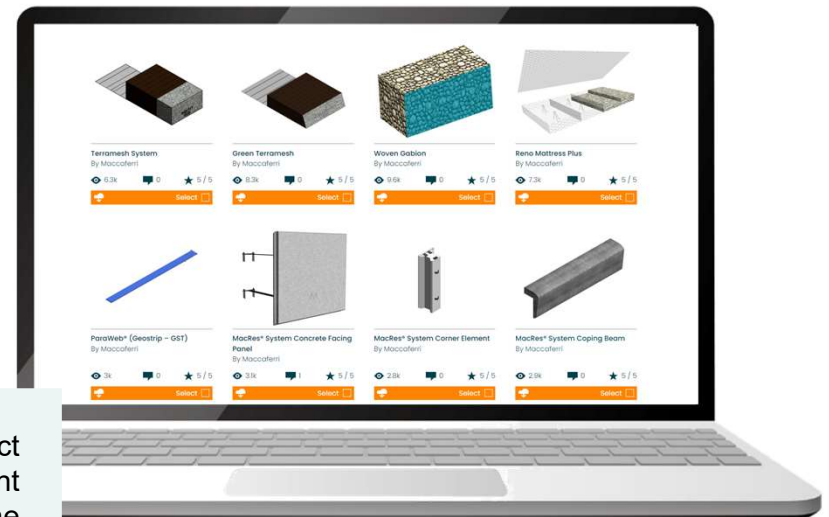
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MacRes for Autocad



BIM Library available

Scan here
and discover our BIM library
or visit
maccaferri.com/bim



Our products are also available as BIM. Our BIM Object have been validated by the British Board Agreement (BBA) as being a true and fair representation of the physical product/system. BIM system **reduces design time and cost** and facilitates cooperation between project stakeholders

Modifica

Incolla

Taglia

Unisci

Cimasa

Geometria

Modifica

Vista

Misura

Crea

Modifica famiglia

Filtra

Salva

Carica

Modifica

SelezionaProprietàAppuntiGeometriaModificaVistaMisuraCreaModifica famigliaFiltraSelezione

Modifica | Pannelli di facciata continua

Proprietà

0 - Piano TerraNord(3D)

Brow

Standard, Base, Top, Cut
Più tipi selezionati

Pannelli di facciata continua: Modifica tipo

Paraweb 8Am	
Paraweb 8Bm	
Paraweb 9Am	
Paraweb 9Bm	

Dimensioni

Distanza Paraloop...	
Distanza Paraloop...	
Distanza Paraloop...	0.2980
Distanza Paraloop...	
LRinforzo Central...	7.5000
LRinforzo Central...	7.5000
LRinforzo Centrale	7.5000
LRinforzo INFERI...	7.5000
LRinforzo SUPERI...	7.5000
Lunghezza Rinfer...	7.5000
Lunghezza Rinfer...	7.5000
Lunghezza Rinfer...	7.5000
Lunghezza Rinfer...	7.5000
Larghezza ParaWeb	
Area	
Larghezza	
Altezza	

Dati identità

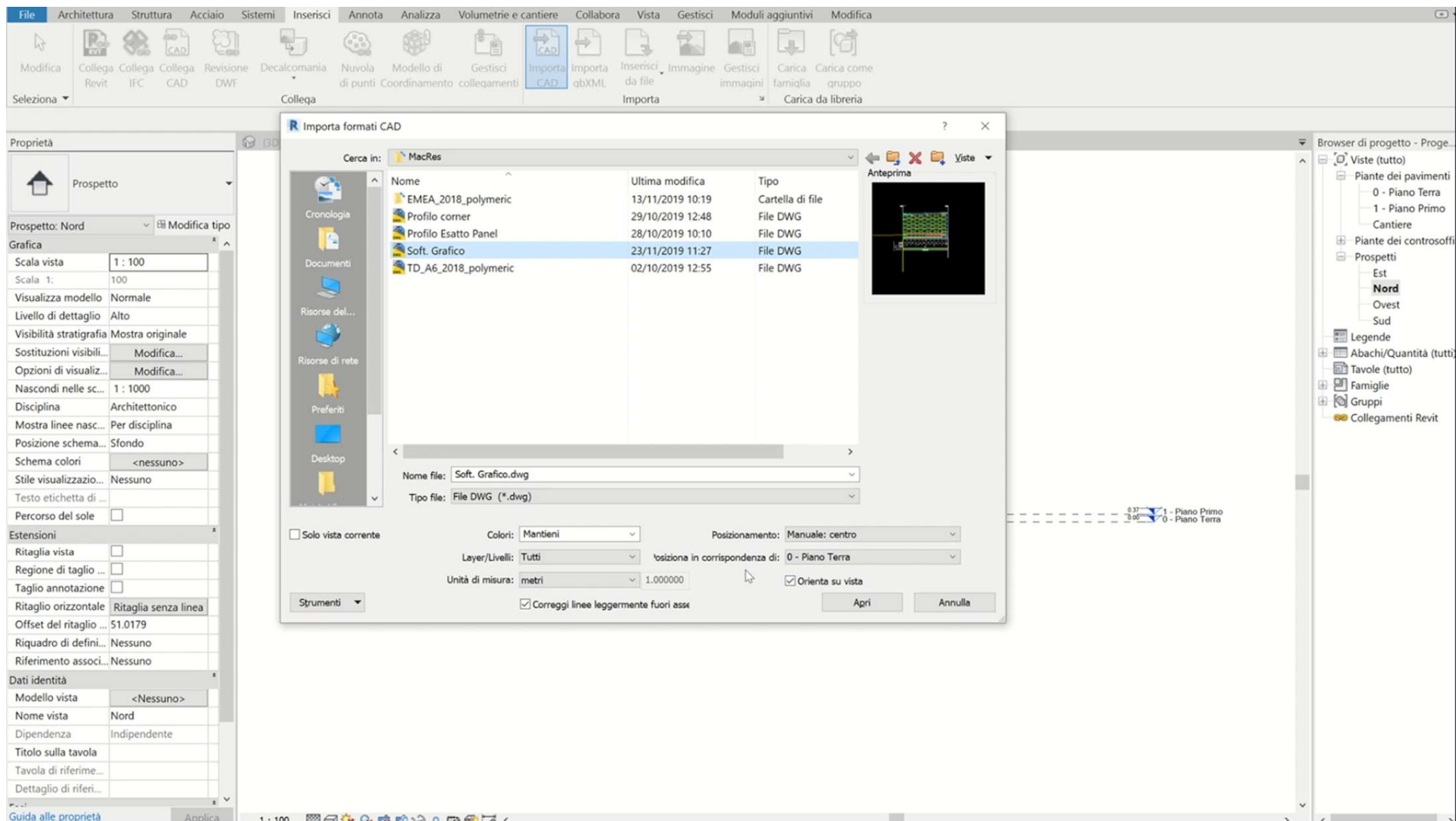
Immagine	
Commenti	
Contrassegno	

Fasi

Fase di creazione	Stato di Progetto
Fase di demolizione	Nessuno

Parametri IFC

A 3D architectural rendering of a facade panel system. The model shows a grid of blue rectangular panels with a complex internal structure of reinforcement or wiring. A large, dark green play button icon is overlaid on the center of the model. To the right, a circular compass rose indicates orientation with 'N' for North and 'S' for South. The background is a light gray plane.

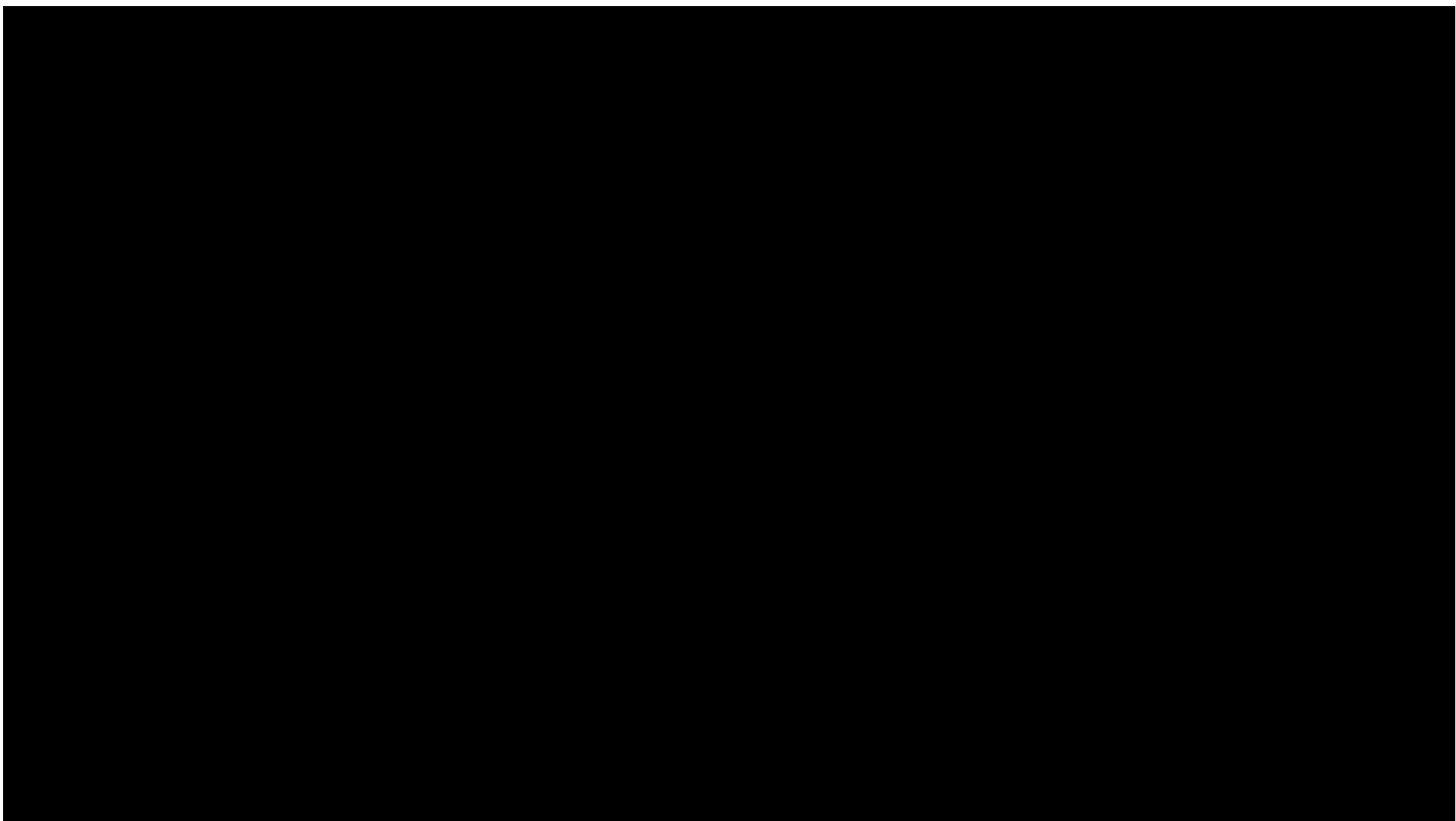


MACCAFERRI

INSTALLATION







LIVE Q&A

Chat box

